

VI. CHURCH OF SCOTLAND INVESTORS TRUST REGULATIONS (REGS VI 1998)
Edinburgh, 22nd May 1998, Sess. 8

**CHURCH OF SCOTLAND
INVESTORS TRUST**

GROWTH FUND

REGULATIONS made by the General Assembly of The Church of Scotland with reference to the Growth Fund of The Church of Scotland Investors Trust, in exercise of powers contained in Section 41 of the Church of Scotland (Properties and Investments) Order Confirmation Act 1994.

1. These Regulations shall operate as from 31st May 1998 and shall supersede all existing Byelaws and Regulations relating to the Fund.

2. Interpretation and Definitions

- 2.1 In these Regulations, unless the context shall otherwise require, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereinafter assigned to them:

the Church means The Church of Scotland;

the Confirmation Act 1994 means the Church of Scotland (Properties and Investments) Order Confirmation Act 1994, including the Schedule thereto, as amended from time to time;

the Fund means the Growth Fund of the Trust;

the General Assembly means the General Assembly of the Church;

Investments means all or any of the investments in which the Trust may invest in terms of the Confirmation Act 1994;

Investor means any of the bodies or persons who shall invest in the Fund or, where the context so requires, holds Units in the Fund, and for whom the Trust may hold or receive property in terms of the Confirmation Act 1994, such bodies or persons being, at the time of making these Regulations, the following: the Church or any court of the Church or council or committee of the General Assembly or any association, fund or scheme of the Church or any congregation, financial board of a congregation or other ecclesiastical body or organisation of the Church; or, in respect of property held by a trustee or body of trustees for any of the foregoing bodies or persons, any such trustee or body of trustees; or any other body or person for whom The Church of Scotland Trust held moveable property prior to such property being transferred to the Trust in terms of the Confirmation Act 1994 in relation to such property only, and **Investors** shall be construed accordingly;

a Month-End Statement means a statement prepared by the Trustees in accordance with Regulation 6 hereof;

the Trust means The Church of Scotland Investors Trust;

the Trustees means the members of the Trust; and

a Unit means a Unit in respect of which income is to be distributed in accordance with these Regulations and which represents one undivided share in all the net assets for the time being held by the Trustees in respect of the Fund but excluding any amount of income which for the time being the Trustees have become obliged to distribute pursuant to these Regulations and **Units** shall be construed accordingly.

- 2.2** In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to the singular includes a reference to the plural and vice versa and a reference to any gender includes a reference to all other genders.

3. Powers of Investment and Investment Objectives

The Trustees shall have power to apply money invested in the Fund in Investments as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof. Such Investments shall be regarded as made for the common benefit of the Investors. In the exercise of their power of investment, the Trustees shall have regard to any direction or deliverance of the General Assembly on the suitability of particular Investments, and shall give effect to any such direction or deliverance to the extent that the Trustees consider that doing so conforms with the duties owed by the Trustees to the Investors in the Fund. The investment objectives of the Fund shall be those determined by the Trustees from time to time. A statement of those objectives in respect of the Fund for the time being shall be included in each Annual Report of the Trust referred to in Regulation 11 hereof.

4. Property which may be invested in the Fund

The Trustees may accept in respect of the Fund from or on behalf of any Investor money held by such Investor for any Church purpose, which the Investor desires to invest in the Fund. The Trustees shall in their discretion be free in any event to decline to accept such money.

5. Unit Basis

The Fund shall be divided into Units. The Trustees shall have power at any time to determine that each Unit issued in respect of the Fund shall be sub-divided into two or more Units or consolidated with one or more other Units issued, whereupon each such Unit shall stand sub-divided or consolidated accordingly and the share of the Fund represented by each Unit as so sub-divided or consolidated accordingly and the share of the Fund represented by each unit as so sub-divided or consolidated, shall be adjusted and each Investor credited appropriately. Existing Investors in the Fund shall remain credited, immediately after the coming into operation of these Regulations, with the same number of Units as they were so credited immediately before.

6. Month-End Statements

The Trustees shall, for the purposes of calculating the price of Units, prepare a statement at the end of each calendar month (hereinafter called "Month-End Dates") showing (a) the total number of Units held by Investors, and (b) the net assets of the Fund as determined by the Trustees.

7. Calculation of Unit Price at a Month-End Date

The price per Unit on acquisition or disposal of Units at each of the Month-End Dates shall be calculated to the nearest penny by dividing the value of the net assets of the Fund as determined by the Trustees in the relevant Month-End Statement by the total number of Units stated in the said Month-End Statement.

8. Method of Investment

Intending Investors wishing to invest money in the Fund shall invest in the desired number of Units either at a price to be determined by the Trustees in accordance with

Regulation 7 as at the immediately preceding Month-End Date or, if the Trustees so decide, at such other price as the Trustees may determine based upon the value of the net assets of the Fund as at the date of the Investor making the relevant Investment. Notwithstanding the terms of any other provisions of these Regulations, the Trustees shall have complete discretion to refuse to accept any investment by any Investor whether an existing Investor or not. The intending Investor shall be informed of the price per Unit as soon as possible after completion of either the calculation of the price made in accordance with Regulation 7 as at the immediately preceding Month-End Date or the calculation by the Trustees of such other price as they shall determine in accordance with the terms of this Regulation, as the case may be. The Investor shall have the option, to be exercised within such period as the Trustees shall from time to time in their discretion permit, of either making the investment (in whole or in part) or intimating its intention not to invest. If the Investor fails to exercise such option within such period so permitted by the Trustees, the Trustees may decline to accept such money for investment.

9. Method of Withdrawal of Investment

Investors wishing to withdraw money from the Fund shall realise the desired number of Units either at a price to be determined by the Trustees in accordance with Regulation 7 as at the immediately preceding Month-End Date or, if the Trustees so decide, at such other price as the Trustees may determine based upon the value of the net assets of the Fund as at the date of the Investor making the relevant withdrawal. The Investor shall be informed of the price per Unit as soon as possible after completion of either the calculation of the price made in accordance with Regulation 7 as at the immediately preceding Month-End Date or the calculation by the Trustees of such other price as they shall determine in accordance with the terms of this Regulation, as the case may be. The Investor shall then have the option, to be exercised within such period as the Trustees shall from time to time in their discretion permit, of either completing the withdrawal (in whole or in part) or cancelling the request therefor, in which latter case such request shall lapse. If the Investor fails to exercise such option within such period so permitted by the Trustees, the Trustees shall be entitled to treat the request for withdrawal as having lapsed.

10. Capital and Revenue

All income received for the Fund shall be treated as Revenue and carried to a Revenue Account, or its equivalent as shall from time to time be in existence (as determined by the Trustees). All management, administrative or other expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund shall, in the first instance, be deducted from the Revenue Account. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustees shall have power to apportion any such expenses in respect of the Fund between the Revenue Account and the Capital Account or its equivalent, as shall from time to time be in existence, (as determined by the Trustees). All gains and losses on the realisation of Investments on behalf of the Fund shall be treated as Capital and respectively credited or debited to the Capital Account. The Trustees shall have power to make such transfers in respect of the Fund as they think desirable from the Revenue Account to the Capital Account and similarly to make transfers in respect of the Fund from the Capital Account to the Revenue Account.

11. Preparation and Audit of Financial Statements

The Trustees shall prepare Financial Statements in respect of the Fund for each year to 31st December, which shall be included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements in respect of the Trust separately from the other Financial Statements included therein. The Financial Statements of the Fund shall be prepared in accordance with such current generally accepted accounting principles as the Trustees shall in their entire discretion consider to be appropriate to the Fund or to the Trust.

The Financial Statements of the Fund shall be audited by Registered Auditors. The Annual Report shall include a report of the Auditors and together with the Financial Statements shall be laid before the General Assembly at its annual meeting in the year following the period to which they relate.

12. Distributions

Distributions of income in respect of the Fund shall be paid by the Trustees to Investors on 15th May and 15th November (and/or at such other times as the Trustees shall consider appropriate) in respect of each year to 31st December out of the balance in respect of the Fund in the Revenue Account, after any transfers made in accordance with Regulation 10. Investors in the Fund shall participate in such distributions in proportion to the number of Units held at the month end immediately preceding the due date of payment of such distributions.

13. Transfer of Units

Investors may transfer Units held by issuing instructions in writing to the Trustees provided that the proposed transferee satisfies the conditions for eligibility as an Investor, as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof. No transfer shall be registered unless the transferee satisfies the said conditions for eligibility.

14. Eligibility of Investors

14.1 The Trustees may at any time and from time to time, call upon any body, either before or after such body shall have been registered as an Investor by notice in writing, to establish that it satisfies or continues to satisfy the conditions for eligibility as an Investor, as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof and for that purpose to furnish the Trustees with all information and evidence requisite for that purpose and also to furnish to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue such evidence as the said Commissioners may require for the like purpose.

14.2 Any holder of Units ceasing to satisfy the conditions for eligibility as an Investor as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof shall thereupon immediately inform the Trustees and shall either transfer all of its Units to a person or body satisfying the said conditions for eligibility within seven days of the date upon which it ceases to satisfy the said conditions in accordance with Regulation 13 or shall realise all of its Units at the next Month-End Date.

15. The Fund as a Distinct Entity

The whole assets of the Fund shall be held, and the whole Investments of the Fund shall be made by the Trustees, solely for the benefit of the Investors of the Fund. The investors of any other fund or funds administered by the Trustees in respect of the Trust shall have no right, title or interest in or to the said assets and Investments and shall have no right to payment of interest or distributions or otherwise from the income or assets of the Fund. The said assets and Investments of the Fund are not transferable to any such other fund or funds in any way.

16. Winding up

The General Assembly shall have power at any time to authorise the winding up of the Fund. In the event of a winding up of the Fund, the whole Investments and other net assets of the Fund or the proceeds of sale thereof, less expenses of winding up, shall be divided among the Investors in the Fund *pro-rata* according to the number of Units then held by the respective Investors in the Fund, subject to such Regulations as may be made by the General Assembly for regulating the winding up of the Fund.

17. Sufficiency of Investments

Neither the Trust, nor its Trustees or officials, shall have any responsibility for the adequacy or sufficiency of the Investments held or which may be held by the Trustees for the Fund.

18. Trustees' Discretion

In the exercise of their powers and functions in terms of these Regulations and in their consideration or determination of matters referred to herein, the Trustees shall have complete discretion to act in such manner and take such steps as they shall from time to time consider to be appropriate. Likewise, the Trustees shall have such complete discretion in the event of any ambiguity or inconsistency in these Regulations as to the interpretation thereof.

19. Amendment of Regulations

The General Assembly shall have power at any time to amend, alter, add to or revoke all or any of the foregoing Regulations or to substitute new Regulations in whole or in part.

**CHURCH OF SCOTLAND
INVESTORS TRUST**

INCOME FUND

REGULATIONS made by the General Assembly of The Church of Scotland with reference to the Income Fund of The Church of Scotland Investors Trust, in exercise of powers contained in Section 41 of the Church of Scotland (Properties and Investments) Order Confirmation Act 1994.

1. These Regulations shall operate as from 31st May 1998 and shall supersede all existing Byelaws and Regulations relating to the Fund.

2. Interpretation and Definitions

- 2.1** In these Regulations, unless the context shall otherwise require, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereinafter assigned to them:

the Church means The Church of Scotland;

the Confirmation Act 1994 means the Church of Scotland (Properties and Investments) Order Confirmation Act 1994, including the Schedule thereto, as amended from time to time;

the Fund means the Income Fund of the Trust;

the General Assembly means the General Assembly of the Church;

Investments means all or any of the investments in which the Trust may invest in terms of the Confirmation Act 1994;

Investor means any of the bodies or persons who shall invest in the Fund or, where the context so requires, holds Units in the Fund, and for whom the Trust may hold or receive property in terms of the Confirmation Act 1994, such bodies or persons being, at the time of making these Regulations, the following: the Church or any court of the Church or council or committee of the General Assembly or any association, fund or scheme of the Church or any congregation, financial board of a congregation or other ecclesiastical body or organisation of the Church; or, in respect of property held by a

trustee or body of trustees for any of the foregoing bodies or persons, any such trustee or body of trustees; or any other body or person for whom The Church of Scotland Trust held moveable property prior to such property being transferred to the Trust in terms of the Confirmation Act 1994 in relation to such property only, and **Investors** shall be construed accordingly;

a Month-End Statement means a statement prepared by the Trustees in accordance with Regulation 6 hereof;

the Trust means The Church of Scotland Investors Trust;

the Trustees means the members of the Trust; and

a Unit means a Unit in respect of which income is to be distributed in accordance with these Regulations and which represents one undivided share in all the net assets for the time being held by the Trustees in respect of the Fund but excluding any amount of income which for the time being the Trustees have become obliged to distribute pursuant to these Regulations and **Units** shall be construed accordingly.

- 2.2** In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to the singular includes a reference to the plural and vice versa and a reference to any gender includes a reference to all other genders.

3. Powers of Investment and Investment Objectives

The Trustees shall have power to apply money invested in the Fund in Investments as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof. Such investments shall be regarded as made for the common benefit of the Investors. In the exercise of their power of investment, the Trustees shall have regard to any direction or deliverance of the General Assembly on the suitability of particular Investments, and shall give effect to any such direction or deliverance to the extent that the Trustees consider that doing so conforms with the duties owed by the Trustees to the Investors in the Fund. The investment objectives of the Fund shall be those determined by the Trustees from time to time. A statement of those objectives in respect of the Fund for the time being shall be included in each Annual Report of the Trust referred to in Regulation 11 hereof.

4. Property which may be invested in the Fund

The Trustees may accept in respect of the Fund from or on behalf on any Investor any money held by such Investor for any Church purpose, which the Investor desires to invest in the Fund. The Trustees shall in their discretion be free in any event to decline to accept such money.

5. Unit Basis

The Fund shall be divided into Units. The Trustees shall have power at any time to determine that each Unit issued in respect of the Fund shall be sub-divided into two or more Units or consolidated with one or more other Units issued, whereupon each such Unit shall stand sub-divided or consolidated accordingly and the share of the Fund represented by each Unit as so sub-divided or consolidated, shall be adjusted and each Investor credited appropriately. Existing Investors in the Fund shall remain credited, immediately after the coming into operation of these Regulations, with the same number of Units as they were so credited immediately before.

6. Month-End Statements

The Trustees shall, for the purposes of calculating the price of Units, prepare a statement at the end of each calendar month (hereinafter called "Month-End Dates") showing (a) the total number of Units held by Investors, and (b) the net assets of the Fund as determined by the Trustees.

7. Calculation of Unit Price at a Month-End Date

The price per Unit on acquisition or disposal of Units at each of the Month-End Dates shall be calculated to the nearest penny by dividing the value of the net assets of the Fund as determined by the Trustees in the relevant Month-End Statement by the total number of Units stated in the said Month-End Statement.

8. Method of Investment

Intending Investors wishing to invest money in the Fund shall invest in the desired number of Units either at a price to be determined by the Trustees in accordance with Regulation 7 as at the immediately preceding Month-End Date or, if the Trustees so decide, at such other price as the Trustees may determine based upon the value of the net assets of the Fund as at the date of the Investor making the relevant Investment. Notwithstanding the terms of any other provisions of these Regulations, the Trustees shall have complete discretion to refuse to accept any investment by any Investor whether an existing Investor or not. The intending Investor shall be informed of the price per Unit as soon as possible after completion of either the calculation of the price made in accordance with Regulation 7 as at the immediately preceding Month-End Date or the calculation by the Trustees of such other price as they shall determine in accordance with the terms of this Regulation, as the case may be. The Investor shall then have the option, to be exercised within such period as the Trustees shall from time to time in their discretion permit, or either making the investment (in whole or in part) or intimating its intention not to invest. If the Investor fails to exercise such option within such period so permitted by the Trustees, the Trustees may decline to accept such money for the investment.

9. Method of Withdrawal of Investment

Investors wishing to withdraw money from the Fund shall realise the desired number of Units either at a price to be determined by the Trustees in accordance with Regulation 7 as at the immediately preceding Month-End Date or, if the Trustees so decide, at such other price as the Trustees may determine based upon the value of the net assets of the Fund as at the date of the Investor making the relevant withdrawal. The Investor shall be informed of the price per Unit as soon as possible after completion of either the calculation of the price made in accordance with Regulation 7 as at the immediately preceding Month-End Date or the calculation by the Trustees of such other price as they shall determine in accordance with the terms of this Regulation, as the case may be. The Investor shall then have the option, to be exercised within such period as the Trustees shall from time to time in their discretion permit, of either completing the withdrawal (in whole or in part) or cancelling the request therefor, in which latter case such request shall lapse. If the Investor fails to exercise such option within such period so permitted by the Trustees, the Trustees shall be entitled to treat the request for withdrawal as having lapsed.

10. Capital and Revenue

All income received for the Fund shall be treated as Revenue and carried to a Revenue Account, or its equivalent as shall from time to time be in existence (as determined by the Trustees). All management, administrative or other expenses incurred on behalf

of the Fund shall, in the first instance, be deducted from the Revenue Account. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustees shall have power to apportion any such expenses in respect of the Fund between the Revenue Account and the Capital Account or its equivalent, as shall from time to time be in existence, (as determined by the Trustees). All gains and losses on the realisation of Investments on behalf of the Fund shall be treated as Capital and respectively credited or debited to the Capital Account. The Trustees shall have power to make such transfers in respect of the Fund as they think desirable from the Revenue Account to the Capital Account and similarly to make transfers in respect of the Fund from the Capital Account to the Revenue Account.

11. Preparation and Audit of Financial Statements

The Trustees shall prepare Financial Statements in respect of the Fund for each year to 31st December, which shall be included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements in respect of the Trust separately from the other Financial Statements included therein. The Financial Statements of the Fund shall be prepared in accordance with such current generally accepted accounting principles as the Trustees shall in their entire discretion consider to be appropriate to the Fund or to the Trust. The Financial Statements of the Fund shall be audited by Registered Auditors. The Annual Report shall include a report of the Auditors and together with the Financial Statements shall be laid before the General Assembly at its annual meeting in the year following the period to which they relate.

12. Distributions

A distribution of income in respect of the Fund shall be declared for each half-year period to 30th June and 31st December (or for such other periods as the Trustees shall consider appropriate) by the Trustees out of the balance in respect of the Fund in the Revenue Account, after any transfers made in accordance with Regulation 10 hereof. Distributions for the previous complete half-year period at the rate so declared shall be paid to Investors on 15th September and 15th March respectively in each year (and/or at such other times as the Trustees shall consider appropriate). Investors in the Fund shall participate in such distributions in proportion to the number of Units held at the month end immediately preceding the due date of payment of such distributions.

13. Transfer of Units

Investors may transfer Units held by issuing instructions in writing to the Trustees provided that the proposed transferee satisfies the conditions for eligibility as an Investor, as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof. No transfer shall be registered unless the transferee satisfies the said conditions for eligibility.

14. Eligibility of Investors

- 14.1** The Trustees may at any time and from time to time, call upon any body, either before or after such body shall have been registered as an Investor, by notice in writing, to establish that it satisfies or continues to satisfy the conditions for eligibility as an Investor, as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof and for that purpose to furnish the Trustees with all information and evidence requisite for that purpose and also to furnish to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue such evidence as the said Commissioners may require for the like purpose.

- 14.2** Any holder of Units ceasing to satisfy the conditions for eligibility as an Investor as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof shall thereupon immediately inform the Trustees and shall either transfer all of its Units to a person or body satisfying the said conditions for eligibility within seven days of the date upon which it ceases to satisfy the said conditions in accordance with Regulation 13 or shall realise all of its Units at the next Month-End Date.
- 15. The Fund as a Distinct Entity**
The whole assets of the Fund shall be held, and the whole Investments of the Fund shall be made by the Trustees, solely for the benefit of the Investors of the Fund. The investors of any other fund or funds administered by the Trustees in respect of the Trust shall have no right, title or interest in or to the said assets and Investments and shall have no right to payment of interest or distributions or otherwise from the income or assets of the Fund. The said assets and Investments of the Fund are not transferable to any such other fund or funds in any way.
- 16. Winding up**
The General Assembly shall have power at any time to authorise the winding up of the Fund. In the event of a winding up of the Fund, the whole Investments and other net assets of the Fund or the proceeds of sale thereof, less expenses of winding up, shall be divided among the Investors in the Fund *pro-rata* according to the number of Units then held by the respective Investors in the Fund, subject to such Regulations as may be made by the General Assembly for regulating the winding up of the Fund.
- 17. Sufficiency of Investments**
Neither the Trust, nor its Trustees or officials, shall have any responsibility for the adequacy or sufficiency of the Investments held or which may be held by the Trustees for the Fund.
- 18. Trustees' Discretion**
In the exercise of their powers and functions in terms of these Regulations and in their consideration or determination of matters referred to herein, the Trustees shall have complete discretion to act in such manner and take such steps as they shall from time to time consider to be appropriate. Likewise, the Trustees shall have such complete discretion in the event of any ambiguity or inconsistency in these Regulations as to the interpretation thereof.
- 19. Amendment of Regulations**
The General Assembly shall have power at any time to amend, alter, add to or revoke all or any of the foregoing Regulations or to substitute new Regulations in whole or in part.

**CHURCH OF SCOTLAND
INVESTORS TRUST**

DEPOSIT FUND

REGULATIONS made by the General Assembly of The Church of Scotland with reference to the Deposit Fund of The Church of Scotland Investors Trust, in exercise of powers contained in Section 41 of the Church of Scotland (Properties and Investments) Order Confirmation Act 1994.

1. These Regulations shall operate as from 31st May 1998 and shall supersede all existing Byelaws and Regulations relating to the Fund.

2. **Interpretation and Definitions**

- 2.1 In these Regulations, unless the context shall otherwise require, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereinafter assigned to them:

the Church means The Church of Scotland;

the Confirmation Act 1994 means the Church of Scotland (Properties and Investments) Order Confirmation Act 1994, including the Schedule thereto, as amended from time to time;

Depositor means any of the bodies or persons who shall invest in the Fund or, where the context so requires, holds money on deposit in the Fund, and for whom the Trust may hold or receive property in terms of the Confirmation Act 1994, such bodies or persons being, at the time of making of these Regulations, the following: the Church or any court of the Church or council or committee of the General Assembly or any association, fund or scheme of the Church or any congregation, financial board of a congregation or other ecclesiastical body or organisation of the Church; or, in respect of property held by a trustee or body of trustees for any of the foregoing bodies or persons, any such trustee or body of trustees; or any other body or person for whom The Church of Scotland Trust held moveable property prior to such property being transferred to the Trust in terms of the Confirmation Act 1994 in relation to such property only, and **Depositors** shall be construed accordingly;

the Fund means the Deposit Fund of the Trust;

the General Assembly means the General Assembly of the Church;

Investments means all or any of the investments in which the Trust may invest in terms of the Confirmation Act 1994;

the Trust means The Church of Scotland Investors Trust; and

the Trustees means the members of the Trust.

- 2.2 In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to the singular includes a reference to the plural and vice versa and a reference to any gender includes a reference to all other genders.

3. **Powers of Investment and Investments Objectives**

The Trustees shall have power to invest money deposited in the Fund in Investments coming within the above definition. In exercise of their power of investment, the Trustees shall have regard to any direction or deliverance of the General Assembly on the suitability of particular Investments and shall give effect to any such direction or deliverance to the extent that the Trustees consider that doing so conforms with the duties owed by the Trustees to the Depositors in the Fund. The investment objectives of the Fund shall be determined by the Trustees from time to time. A statement of these objectives in respect of the Fund for the time being shall be included in each Annual Report of the Trust referred to in Regulation 7 hereof.

4. **Property which may be invested in the Fund**

- 4.1 The Trustees may accept in respect of the Fund from or on behalf of any Depositor any money held by such Depositor for any Church purpose, which the Depositor

desires to deposit in the Fund. The Trustees shall have discretion to fix from time to time a minimum amount of money which may be so deposited in the Fund. The Trustees shall have complete discretion to decline to accept any such money from any Depositor whether an existing Depositor or not.

- 4.2** Existing Depositors in the Fund shall remain credited, immediately after the coming into operation of these Regulations, with the same amount of money deposited as they were so credited immediately before.

5. Method of Withdrawal of Deposit

Deposits of less than £100,000 may be withdrawn from the Fund without prior notice being given. Depositors wishing to withdraw deposits of £100,000 or more shall give one week's notice of their intention to withdraw such deposit.

6. Capital and Revenue

All income received for the Fund shall be treated as Revenue and carried to a Revenue Account, or its equivalent as shall from time to time be in existence (as determined by the Trustees). All management, administrative or other expenses incurred on behalf of the Fund shall, in the first instance, be deducted from the Revenue Account. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustees shall have power to apportion any such expenses in respect of the Fund between the Revenue Account and the Capital Account or its equivalent, as shall from time to time be in existence, (as determined by the Trustees). All gains and losses on the realisation of investments on behalf of the Fund shall be treated as Capital and respectively credited or debited to the Capital Account. The Trustees shall have power to make such transfers in respect of the Fund as they think desirable from the Revenue Account to the Capital Account and similarly to make transfers in respect of the Fund from the Capital Account to the Revenue Account.

7. Preparation and Audit of Financial Statements

The Trustees shall prepare Financial Statements in respect of the Fund for each year to 31st December, which shall be included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements in respect of the Trust separately from other Financial Statements included therein. The Financial Statements of the Fund shall be prepared in accordance with such current generally accepted accounting principles as the Trustees shall in their entire discretion consider to be appropriate to the Fund or to the Trust. The Financial Statements of the Fund shall be audited by Registered Auditors. The Annual Report shall include a report of the Auditors and together with the Financial Statements shall be laid before the General Assembly at its annual meeting in the year following the period to which they relate.

8. Payment of Interest

A rate of interest shall be declared for each quarter to 31st March, 30th June, 30th September and 31st December (or for such other periods as the Trustees shall consider appropriate) by the Trustees out of the balance in the Revenue Account in respect of the Fund, after any transfers referred to in Regulation 6. Interest for the two complete preceding quarters at the rates so declared in respect of each quarter shall be either distributed or credited to Depositors (in accordance with the instructions given from time to time by each Depositor in this respect) on 15th May and 15th November in each year (and/or at such other times as the Trustees shall consider appropriate). Depositors in the Fund shall participate in such interest in respect of the Fund in proportion to the sums held on deposit in the Fund during each quarter. The total interest for each quarter shall be calculated on a daily basis by applying the rate of

interest in force on a particular day to the balance of the account at the close of business of that day.

9. Transfer of Deposits

Depositors may transfer deposits held by issuing instructions in writing to the Trustees provided that the proposed transferee satisfies the conditions for eligibility as a Depositor, as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof. No transfer shall be registered unless the transferee satisfies the said conditions for eligibility.

10. Eligibility of Depositors

10.1 The Trustees may at any time and from time to time, call upon any body, either before or after such body shall have been registered as a Depositor, by notice in writing to establish that it satisfies or continues to satisfy the conditions for eligibility as a Depositor, as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof and for that purpose to furnish the Trustees with all information and evidence requisite for that purpose and also to furnish to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue such evidence as the said Commissioners may require for the like purpose.

10.2 Any Depositor ceasing to satisfy the conditions for eligibility as a Depositor as defined in Regulation 2.1 hereof shall thereupon immediately inform the Trustees and shall either transfer all its deposits to a person or body satisfying the said conditions for eligibility within seven days of the date upon which it ceases to satisfy the said conditions in accordance with Regulation 9 hereof or shall withdraw all of its deposits in accordance with Regulation 5.

11. The Fund as a Distinct Entity

The whole assets of the Fund shall be held, and the whole Investments of the Fund shall be made, by the Trustees solely for the benefit of the Depositors of the Fund. The Investors of any other fund or funds administered by the Trustees in respect of the Trust shall have no right, title or interest in or to the said assets and Investments and shall have no right to payment of interest or distributions or otherwise from the income or assets of the Fund. The said assets and Investments of the Fund are not transferable to any such other fund or funds in any way.

12. Winding up

The General Assembly shall have power at any time to authorise the winding up of the Fund. In the event of a winding up of the Fund the whole Investments and other net assets of the Fund or the proceeds of sale thereof, less expenses of winding up, shall be applied *pro rata* in the repayment to the Depositors of the Fund of deposits then held in the Fund, with interest due thereon, subject to such Regulations as may be made by the General Assembly for regulating the winding up of the Fund. Any excess remaining thereafter shall be applied for any Church purpose as the General Assembly may determine.

13. Sufficiency of Investments

Neither the Trust, nor its Trustees or officials, shall have any responsibility for the adequacy or sufficiency of the Investments held or which may be held by the Trustees for the Fund.

14. Trustees' Discretion

In the exercise of their powers and functions in terms of these Regulations and in their consideration or determination of matters referred to herein, the Trustees shall have complete discretion to act in such manner and take such steps as they shall from time

to time consider to be appropriate. Likewise, the Trustees shall have such complete discretion in the event of any ambiguity or inconsistency in these Regulations as to the interpretation thereof.

15. Amendment of Regulations

The General Assembly shall have power at any time to amend, alter, add to or revoke all or any of the foregoing Regulations or to substitute new Regulations in whole or in part.

**VIII. MATERNITY, PATERNITY AND ADOPTION LEAVE AND PAY FOR MINISTERS
REGULATIONS (REPEALING REGULATIONS V 1986 AS AMENDED) (REGS VIII
2003)**

Edinburgh, 22 May 2003, Session 7

Ordained Ministers shall be entitled to maternity, paternity and adoption leave and pay in accordance with the following provisions:

1 Maternity Leave

- (a) These provisions shall apply to ordained female Ministers of the Church of Scotland in recognised appointments where stipend or salary is paid through the centralised Payment of Stipend Scheme.
- (b) The Minister shall continue to carry out ministerial duties up to at least the last working day before the beginning of the eleventh week before the expected week of childbirth.
- (c) The Minister shall cease to undertake ministerial duties during the period of maternity leave. The period of ordinary maternity leave to which the Minister shall be entitled is twenty-six weeks. In addition the Minister shall be entitled to a further period of up to twenty-six weeks additional maternity leave provided that she has been in the Stipend Scheme for at least twenty six continuous weeks by the date of notification to the Presbytery and the Board of Ministry.
- (d) The Minister shall notify in writing her Presbytery and the Board of Ministry of her expected week of childbirth at least fifteen weeks prior to that date (*i.e.* four weeks prior to the first possible date for the commencement of maternity leave). This notification should be accompanied by a certificate from a registered medical practitioner or midwife stating the expected week of childbirth.
- (e) Further written notice to the Presbytery and the Board of Ministry will be required to state the date when she wishes her maternity leave to start. This date cannot be before the eleventh week before the baby is due. Within twenty eight days of such notification the Board of Ministry shall write to the Minister setting out the date on which she is expected to return to duty if she takes her full entitlement to maternity leave. If a Minister wishes to return to duty before the end of her maternity leave she shall give twenty eight days notice in writing to the Presbytery and the Board of Ministry.
- (f) *Note:* It is essential that sufficient liaison is observed with the Minister's own Presbytery in order that arrangements can be finalised *re* the appointment of an Interim Moderator and other pastoral assistance.
- (g) When informing the Presbytery and the Board of Ministry as required in section 5 above the Minister shall also confirm that her absence will be wholly or partly due to her pregnancy or childbirth. She shall also declare her intention to return to ministerial duties on the expiry of her leave for a period of not less than three months.
- (h) The Minister shall not return to ministerial duties before she submits a written certificate from a medical practitioner stating that she is medically fit to return to do so.

2 Maternity Pay

- (a) Maternity leave with pay will be granted to a Minister who satisfies the relevant conditions within these Regulations.
- (b) Payment of full stipend will be maintained for a period of twenty six weeks, *e.g.* eleven weeks prior to the expected date of childbirth and to the fifteenth week after the date of childbirth.
- (c) The period of additional maternity leave shall normally be without payment of stipend. In exceptional circumstances the Board of Ministry may make payment of stipend for some of the period of additional maternity leave.

- (d) It shall be the Minister's own responsibility to claim the appropriate personal benefits from the Department of Work and Pensions. Such benefits as received shall be retained by the Minister for her own personal use.
- (e) The Board of Ministry shall process Statutory Maternity Pay (SMP). Such SMP and any Statutory Sick Pay as are recovered in respect of the Minister will be retained by the Board. The Board will meet in full the costs of interim pastoral expenses, e.g. payments to Locum, pulpit supply fees and related expenses.

3 Adoption Leave and Pay

The provisions for adoption leave and pay shall mirror the provisions for maternity leave and pay with the following provisos:

- (a) To qualify for adoption leave and pay a Minister must be newly matched with a child by an approved adoption agency.
- (b) Notice of intention to take adoption leave must be given in writing to the Minister's Presbytery and to the Board of Ministry within seven days of being notified by their adoption agency that they have been matched with a child for adoption. As far as is reasonably possible the Minister shall allow sufficient time for the Presbytery to put in place the necessary pastoral assistance and to appoint an Interim Moderator.
- (c) Ministers giving notice of intention to take adoption leave must furnish the Board of Ministry with a matching certificate from their adoption agency as evidence of their entitlement to Statutory Adoption Pay.
- (d) Only one member of a couple adopting a child is entitled to adoption leave and pay. The other may be entitled to paternity leave and pay.

4 Paternity Leave

- (a) A male Minister shall be entitled to two weeks paternity leave around the date of the birth of his child, or the placement of a child newly placed for adoption.
- (b) Paternity leave shall be taken in one block, normally within the first eight weeks of the child's birth or placement.
- (c) A Minister intending to take paternity leave shall inform his Presbytery and the Board of Ministry of his intention at least eight weeks before the expected date of childbirth or placement to allow the Presbytery to make any necessary arrangements for pulpit supply and pastoral cover. He shall also certify that he is entitled to paternity leave. A form for self-certification shall be provided by the Board of Ministry.

5 Paternity Pay

- (a) A Minister on paternity leave shall be paid his full stipend.
- (b) The Board of Ministry shall process Statutory Paternity Pay (SPP). SPP recovered in respect of the Minister shall be retained by the Board. The Board shall meet in full the costs of interim pastoral expenses eg pulpit supply fees and related expenses.

Notes

- 1 Where a Minister is to be absent on maternity leave or adoption leave, it is important that the Minister shall not be involved at all in ministerial duties within the Parish, or in the Church at large. It is for the Presbytery, in consultation with the Minister concerned, to consider and arrange for the requirements regarding necessary ministerial support within the Parish during the period of maternity leave.
- 2 In cases of hardship arising from maternity and adoption leave and pay arrangements, reference should be made to the Board of Ministry who shall have the power to take any action deemed necessary.

6 Repeal

The regulations contained herein replace the Maternity Provisions for Women Ministers Regulations of 1986 (as amended by Regulations 1 1991).

I. ALLOCATIONS IN LOCAL ECUMENICAL PARTNERSHIPS REGULATIONS (REGS I 2007) (AS AMENDED BY REGS II 2022)

Edinburgh, 19 May 2007, Sess. II

1. The allocation will be based on the income of the Local Ecumenical Partnership (LEP) in the previous financial year. For allocation purposes, the income of the LEP will include: offerings, tax recovered on Gift Aid, other donations, investment income, contributions from congregational organisations, and other general income, income in general fabric and reserve funds and net property rental income.

(Where the Church of Scotland is involved, the total annual income will include income in the Consolidated Stipend Fund or the Consolidated Fabric Fund held on behalf of the congregation by the Church of Scotland General Trustees.)

For the avoidance of doubt, legacies or capital receipts, such as the proceeds from the sale of property or investments; contributions from outside agencies for the use of premises; special collections for other charities; income from an external source to meet the costs of a specialist worker; and income in temporary capital funds for specific major projects will be excluded from the calculation of income for allocation purposes.

2. The total allocation will be 67% of the average income of the LEP, as calculated in section 1. In the first instance the allocation will be used for the provision of ministry in the LEP, and this cost will be paid to the denomination(s) providing that ministry. For this purpose, the cost of ministry will include stipend, employer's national insurance, pension contribution, and any other taxable emoluments paid by the denomination(s) providing ministry. Non-taxable expenses, such as a mileage allowance for travel, manse telephone, manse council tax, and pulpit supply during ministers' holidays will be paid by the congregation from residual funds.
3. The part of the allocation used for the provision of ministry will not exceed 95% of the total allocation. If this is not sufficient to meet the full costs of ministry, the cost of ministry will be supported by the denominations participating in the LEP.
4. Where more than one denomination is providing part of a ministry team, each denomination will receive the actual cost of, or the appropriate proportion of the cost of, the ministry it provides.
5. The remainder of the allocation to be paid by the LEP will be divided equally among the denominations involved in the LEP to support central and regional work undertaken by each of the denominations. (Where the Church of Scotland is involved, Presbytery Dues will be paid from its share of the remaining allocation.)
6. The allocation will be paid to the denomination(s) involved in the LEP at least quarterly, and preferably monthly, throughout the year.

VI. PULPIT SUPPLY REGULATIONS (AMENDING REGULATIONS II 2001) (REGS VI 2008)

Edinburgh, 19 May 2008, Session V

Regulations II 2001 are hereby amended to read as follows:

1. In charges where there is only one diet of worship the Pulpit Supply Fee shall be a Standard Fee determined by the Ministries Council, implemented on a date of the Council's choosing, and notified to the next General Assembly.
2. In charges where there are additional diets of worship on a Sunday, the person fulfilling the Supply will be paid an additional sum for each additional Service, determined by the Ministries Council, implemented on a date of the Council's choosing, and notified to the following General Assembly.
3. Where the person is unwilling to conduct more than one diet of worship on a given Sunday, s/he will receive pro rata payment based on the total available fee shared on the basis of the number of Services conducted.
4. The fee thus calculated shall be payable in the case of all persons permitted to conduct Services under Act II 2000.
5. In all cases, necessary Travelling Expenses shall be paid. Where there is no convenient public transport, the use of a private car shall be paid at a rate determined by the Ministries Council, implemented on a date of the Council's choosing, and notified to the next General Assembly. In exceptional circumstances, to be approved in advance, the cost of hiring may be met.
6. Where weekend board and lodging are agreed as necessary, these may be claimed for the weekend at a maximum rate of that allowed when attending the General Assembly. The fee and expenses should be paid to the person providing the Supply before s/ he leaves on the Sunday.

I. NOMINATION OF THE MODERATOR OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY REGULATIONS (REGS I 2013) (AS AMENDED BY REGS I 2020 AND REGS I 2023)

Edinburgh, 18 May 2013, Sess. I

Definitions

1. In these Regulations, the following definitions apply:
 - (1) 'the Committee' shall mean the Committee to Nominate the Moderator referred to in Regulation 2;
 - (2) "minister" includes an individual who has been ordained to ministry as defined in section 1(d) of the Selection and Training for Full-Time Ministry Act (Act X 2004), an individual who has been ordained to ministry as defined in the Ordained Local Ministry Act (Act IX 2011) and an individual who has been ordained to ministry as defined in the Auxiliary Ministry Act (Act XIII 2003).
 - (3) "deacon" shall mean an individual who has been ordained to ministry as defined in the Deacons Act (Act VIII 2010).
 - (4) 'elder' shall mean a person ordained to that office (whether or not he or she is a member of a Kirk Session) who is neither a minister nor a deacon; and
 - (5) 'the Moderator-Designate' shall mean the person nominated by the Committee to be Moderator of the next General Assembly.

Appointment of a Committee to Nominate the Moderator

2. The Moderator of the General Assembly shall be nominated by a Committee of twelve persons comprising eleven ministers and elders nominated by Presbyteries plus one deacon selected at random by the Clerks of Assembly. The ministers and elders on the Committee shall be selected as follows: each Scottish Presbytery (provided that in the case of the Presbyteries of *Clèir Eilean I: the Church of Scotland in the Highlands & Hebrides* and of Lewis, this means the two Presbyteries working together) shall nominate one minister and one elder to populate the Committee; the Presbyteries of England and of International Charges shall nominate one minister or elder for the Committee in each alternate year, the first nomination being made in 2023 by the Presbytery of England. Nominations shall be sent to the Nomination Committee by 31 December. Upon receipt of all the nominations, the Nomination Committee shall select for appointment one or other of the nominees from each Scottish Presbytery, and shall appoint the nominee from the Presbytery of England or International Charges, with a view to creating overall a Committee which is diverse in office and gender and which is representative of the diversity of the whole Church.
3. The Committee shall be convened by the immediate past-Moderator of the General Assembly whom failing by another former Moderator of the General Assembly. Where the Committee is convened by another former Moderator, the same former Moderator shall not convene the Committee in consecutive years. The Convener of the Committee shall not be a member of the Committee. The clerk to the Committee, who shall not be a member of the Committee, shall be the Principal or Depute Clerk whom failing another suitable person selected by the Committee from outwith its membership.
4. Members of the Committee shall serve for a period of one year only. No-one may be a member of the Committee more than once in any three year period.
5. In the event of the death, resignation or supervening incapacity of persons on the Committee such that the number of persons on the Committee drops below nine, steps shall be taken to bring the number of persons back up to at least nine by seeking further recommendations of suitable appointees from the Nomination Committee.

Process at the Committee to Nominate the Moderator

6. The Committee shall receive recommendations from any member of the Church of Scotland (excluding members of the Committee, who shall not be eligible to make recommendations) of names of ministers, deacons or elders proposed as the next Moderator. The Committee shall take reasonable steps to publicise its willingness to receive recommendations, which recommendations may be submitted to any member of the Committee or to the Office of the General Assembly.
7. The Committee itself shall decide how best to proceed in its task in a fair and efficient manner having due regard to confidentiality at all stages. The quorum for meetings of the Committee shall be nine persons.
8. In considering persons recommended to it, the Committee shall:
 - (1) consider the circumstances of the Church;
 - (2) having sought the advice of the immediate three past Moderators, decide the gifts, experience and other qualities which are required for the post of Moderator in order to benefit the Church and the kingdom of God and examine the candidates in the light of these requirements ;
 - (3) prepare a short-list from among the recommendations which it has received;
 - (4) obtain the consent of each person on the short list to be nominated as Moderator, if chosen, together with a full curriculum vitae and such other information as it considers to be helpful;
 - (5) meet with all persons on the short list; and
 - (6) select its nominee from among those on the short-list or, if this is not possible, prepare another short-list from which to select its nominee.
9. Unless there are exceptional circumstances, the Committee shall inform the Principal Clerk of the name of the Moderator-Designate no later than 31 October each year. Thereafter, the name of the Moderator-Designate shall be made public by the Principal Clerk.
10. In the event of the death, resignation or supervening incapacity of the Moderator-Designate, the Convener of the Committee shall call an extraordinary meeting of the Committee for the purpose of nominating another person to be Moderator. The Committee shall follow Regulations 7 and 8 insofar as they are able to do so in the circumstances and shall nominate another person to be Moderator from among those recommended in terms of Regulation 6.
11. In the event of any difficulty inhibiting process in terms of these Regulations, the Committee shall have a general discretionary power to take any other steps appropriate in the circumstances to fulfil the intention of these Regulations.

II OFFICE OF THE MODERATOR OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY REGULATIONS (AS AMENDED BY REGS II 2023)

Edinburgh, 18 May 2013, Sess. I

1. The Moderator of the General Assembly shall:

(1) preside over the General Assembly and perform those duties as stated in the Standing Orders;

(2) perform such duties as may be directed by the General Assembly, and represent the Church of Scotland on historic and national occasions, as they may arise; such duties shall include extensive engagement in preaching and in the leading of worship;

(3) visit presbyteries according to the Scheme of Visitation approved by the General Assembly and shall undertake overseas visitation only if circumstances require it, in each case having regard to the needs and resources of the Church and its presbyteries;

(4) where appropriate, act as a spokesperson for the Church. Where a particular matter lies within the remit or area of responsibility of a particular Standing Committee of the General Assembly, that Standing Committee shall determine whether the Moderator is the best person to speak on its behalf on that matter. Only if the Standing Committee decides otherwise, or if the Moderator is unavailable, will it nominate a different spokesperson;

(5) when he or she is asked to express an opinion on any matter of national or public importance or one which lies within the remit or area of responsibility of a particular Standing Committee, be mindful of the views of the General Assembly and of its Standing Committees and so far as possible consult with the Conveners of such Standing Committees.

(6) support the work of the Standing Committees, Presbyteries and other groups within the Church as requested and having regard to his or her other commitments. All Standing Committees shall consider whether the support of the Moderator would assist them in their work and in their dealings with outside bodies. The Moderator shall be briefed by all Standing Committees about their work at the start of and during his or her moderatorial year as appropriate. Where possible, all Standing Committees, Presbyteries and other groups within the Church who wish to involve the Moderator in their work during his or her moderatorial year should make a formal request to the Principal Clerk before 31 January of the moderatorial year;

(7) consult with the Standing Committees and Presbyteries of the Church to identify a particular aspect of the life and witness of the Church in which his or her involvement would be particularly helpful, taking account of his or her skills, interests and experience;

(8) unless exceptional circumstances arise, adhere to the budget approved by the General Assembly for the expenses and other costs of his or her moderatorial year. Those Standing Committees, Presbyteries or other groups who wish to involve the Moderator in their work will bear his or her expenses unless there are exceptional circumstances;

(9) convene the Committee to Nominate the Moderator in the year following his or her moderatorial year;

(10) save in exceptional circumstances, reside in the Moderator's official residence ("the Official Residence") during his or her moderatorial year. The Moderator-Designate shall take up occupation of the Official Residence on the first Saturday in May preceding the commencement of his or her moderatorial year ("the Entry Date"), and as Moderator shall vacate the Official Residence on the date occurring two weeks prior to the Entry Date for the

Moderator-Designate in the succeeding year, at which time alternative accommodation for the remainder of the current Moderator's moderatorial year shall be agreed. During periods of the Moderator's absence, maintenance work may be carried out in the Official Residence;

(11) normally be expected to work in the Official Residence and in an area for the Moderator's use within the Office of the General Assembly;

(12) be offered a debriefing exercise at an appropriate time following his or her moderatorial year, organised by the Principal Clerk.

2. The provisions contained in these Regulations generally apply during the moderatorial year of the Moderator in question, except where expressly stated otherwise.

3. Regulations V(2) 2013 are hereby repealed.

I. CAR LOAN FUND REGULATIONS (REPLACING REGULATIONS IV, 1965) (REGS I 2014)

Edinburgh, 19 May 2014, Session III

1. The Ministries Council shall be the Trustees and Administrators of the Ministries Car Loan Fund (hereinafter referred to as "the Fund").
2. The Council shall have the power to increase the capital of the Fund, originally £21,000, out of such funds as may be available for the purpose.
3. The object of the Fund shall be the granting of loans to ministers and parish staff of charges of the Church of Scotland in Scotland or England (hereinafter referred to as "the borrower") for the sole purpose of assisting the borrower to purchase a motor car.
4. The Council shall decide the amount of each loan, but the maximum loan shall be £5,000 or such other sum as may be determined by the Council from time to time.
5. If the borrower is in receipt of a Stipend/Salary in excess of the **Ministers 5 Point Stipend Scale Year 2** at the time the loan is paid out, then the borrower will incur an interest charge at the current rate of 6% or at a rate to be determined by the Council from time to time.
6. Loans shall be repaid over three years in monthly instalments, commencing on the last day of the month following payment of the loan. Loan repayments shall be taken by deductions from stipend/salary paid through the Centralised Payment of Stipend System.
7. In the event of the borrower ceasing to hold a pastoral charge or appointment, as the case may be, of the Church of Scotland in Scotland or England, he or she shall immediately repay any balance of the loan, and interest if applicable, which is outstanding. Likewise, in the event of the death of the borrower, the whole balance of the loan, and interest if applicable, shall be immediately repayable and shall form a debt against the estate. In either of these events, if any sums should be due to the borrower, or the estate as the case may be, from funds or other monies held by the Council or the General Treasurer of the Church of Scotland, the Council shall be entitled to apply such sums so far as necessary in reduction of the borrower's, or the estate's, indebtedness to the Fund.
8. The car for which a loan has been made can only be traded-in or sold or otherwise disposed of after the loan has been repaid in full, unless otherwise agreed in writing with the Council.
9. The borrower shall forthwith insure the car, and while any part of the loan remains unpaid shall keep the car insured under a fully comprehensive policy.
10. Application for a loan from the Fund shall be made in the form of the Application form attached to these Regulations. On receipt of the loan monies, the borrower shall immediately sign and return to the Ministries Council the Form of Acknowledgement attached to these Regulations.
11. Apart from the Council's interest in a car as a result of a loan, the car is the property of the borrower who is responsible for Road Fund Licence, motor insurance and all running costs, maintenance and repairs.
12. By accepting a loan from the Ministries Car Loan Fund, the borrower shall be held to have accepted it under the foregoing Regulations and shall be obliged to comply with the foregoing Regulations and to fulfil all obligations imposed on him or her thereunder.
13. No alterations shall be made in the foregoing Regulations except by authority of the General Assembly, and that only after any proposed alterations have been considered and reported on by the Council.

Application form attached.

APPLICATION

To Miss Elizabeth Dailly,
Ministries Council Finance,
121 George Street,
Edinburgh,
EH2 4YN

MADAM, - I wish to make application for a loan of £ on the terms above stated,
and I have filled up and signed the annexed schedule of particulars.

I am,

Yours faithfully,

(Signature).....

(Full postal address).....

.....
(Date)

Schedule of Particulars

1. Full name of applicant.....
2. Present charge or Post and
Presbytery.....
3. Date of applicant's birth.....
4. Date of applicant's ordination.....
and of his/her induction, if on
separate date.....
5. Particulars of car to be purchased:-
Make Model.....
C.C.'s Date first registered.....
Mileage

**CAR LOANS WILL ONLY BE PAID OUT WHEN AN INVOICE OR OTHER DOCUMENTARY
EVIDENCE HAS BEEN SENT TO THE DEPARTMENT**

FORM OF ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

RECEIVED from the TRUSTEES of the MINISTRIES CAR LOAN FUND in connection with the Church of Scotland the sum ofin loan, and subject to the Regulations of said Fund, and any alteration thereof: and I authorise the Council of Ministry to make deductions in terms of Regulation 6.

(Signature)

(Date)

(Place of Signing)

I REGULATIONS FOR REMUNERATION AND REIMBURSEMENT OF PARISH MINISTERS (REGULATIONS I 2015) (AMENDED BY REGS VI 2016 AND REGS V 2023)

Edinburgh, 20 May 2015, Session V

1. Remuneration

Ministers shall be entitled to a stipend to release them to discharge the duties of their calling to Parish Ministry. The stipend rate shall be that set annually by the Assembly Trustees having regard to the recommendation of the Faith Action Programme Leadership Team, a National Stipend Scale being published annually in the Report of the Faith Action Programme Leadership Team to the General Assembly.

Ministers shall have the right to be provided with a manse and have a corresponding duty to live in it and discharge the duties of their office from it, whether they hold office on a full-time or part-time basis.

Beyond the stipend paid to them through the Ministries payroll, Ministers may not receive any other form of remuneration from their congregation relating to the discharge of their ministerial duties.

Part-time Parish Ministers shall be entitled to a stipend calculated pro rata according to the percentage of post in the Presbytery Plan (e.g. 50%), using the rates published annually on the National Stipend Scale.

2. Reimbursement of Legitimate Expenses

Every congregation shall pay for legitimate expenses reasonably incurred by ministers in the course of discharging their duties. These may be paid directly by the congregation or may be reclaimed by the minister from the congregation. The following list sets out the categories of legitimate expense:

1. (a) Communion Expenses incurred.
 (b) Any fee or expenses due to a visiting minister at Communion Seasons if such payments are authorised in advance by the Kirk Session.
2. Pulpit Supply on seven Sundays in any calendar year.
3. The costs of providing Pastoral Cover (should such payment be necessary) for six weeks in any calendar year, or in the case of part-time Parish Ministers, pro rata according to the percentage of post in the Presbytery Plan (e.g. 50%).
4. Pulpit supply for one additional Sunday and the costs of providing Pastoral Cover (should such payment be necessary) for an additional week when the minister is a Commissioner at the General Assembly.
5. Telephone line rental and calls, including where agreed in advance that for mobile services, incurred in the performance of ministerial duties.
6. The cost of internet access at a level required for the performance of ministerial duties.
7. Computer hardware, software and consumables necessary for the performance of ministerial duties.
8. Stationery and postage stamps for use in relation to work.

9. Travelling expenses incurred in the fulfilment of ministerial duties, at the rates agreed from time to time by the Faith Action Programme Leadership Team. Where an essential car user allowance is paid, this shall be at the same rate for both full-time and part-time postholders.

In relation to travelling expenses, ministers are required to keep an up-to-date Log Book listing actual mileage covered in the discharge of ministerial duties, against which expenses are reclaimed. Presbyteries are required, by instruction of the General Assembly, to carry out an annual inspection of all ministers' Log Books.

Reference is made in Part 2 of the Schedule to these Regulations.

3. Discretionary Expenses

In addition to the categories of reimbursable expense listed above and the essential ongoing care and maintenance of the manse, Financial Boards may decide from time to time to cover some fabric related costs relating to the running of the manse. Such costs are discretionary, but it would be good practice to assist with costs which maintain the Church's property in good order. Any expenses to be claimed by the minister ***must*** be agreed by or on behalf of the Financial Board in advance and the claim must be accompanied by appropriate receipts. Examples of possible costs are: gardening materials and help where the garden is larger than the domestic norm; cleaning of public areas, materials and help. It should be noted however that no reimbursement can be made to the minister with respect to the cost of heating and lighting the manse.

In order effectively to discharge their ministerial duties, ministers may also, from time to time, purchase clerical garments or theological books, subscribe to journals, arrange for some form of Spiritual Direction or Professional / Pastoral Supervision, attend courses and training events. Congregations may choose to contribute to some or all of the cost of these to a reasonable extent.

Regulations VII, 2008 are hereby repealed.

Schedule

Part 1 – Background to Regulations

These Regulations cover the remuneration of Parish Ministers and their reimbursement for expenses legitimately incurred in the course of their duties. It is a general principle, where there is any doubt about the appropriateness of making a potential claim for reimbursement, that the minister will clarify this *in advance* of incurring the expense. The Faith Action Programme Leadership Team is able to point Parish Ministers or Treasurers to more specific advice on issues relating to these Regulations should this prove helpful.

The context of these Regulations is one wherein the Church seeks to strike a balance on the one hand between recognising and respecting the historic right of ministers to structure ministry, including the management of working time and time off, according to their understanding of their calling and on the other hand ensuring good practice, probity and a measure of equality across the practice of ministry in the Church.

Part 2 – Additional Clarity

For the avoidance of doubt, the following points of clarification are appended to these Regulations to enable ease of implementation:

- Parish Ministers are *Office Holders* rather than employees and these Regulations cover the issues which arise out of that particular status. Part-time working does not alter the status of the Parish Minister as Office Holder.
- Regulations VII, 2007 (Manses) and III, 2013 (Manse Adjudication Committee) provide further clarity about the responsibilities of upkeep of the Manse and the duty of living in the Manse of the charge.
- Her Majesty's Revenue and Custom rules for exemption from tax of living accommodation apply equally to part-time ministry as to full-time where:
 - The living accommodation provided is necessary for the proper performance of the duties of the post;
 - It is the type of post where it is customary for living accommodation to be provided.
- In relation to reimbursement, ministers should distinguish between items expended in the course of daily duty (eg. travel costs; telephone usage; stamps; etc.), which are reclaimed from the congregation and items which become the property of the minister (eg. books; vestments; etc.). In some circumstances, a proportion of the cost of these latter expenses *may* be reclaimable against the minister's personal tax allowance (receipts for which should be retained by the minister).
- Congregations may choose to contribute towards the costs of some other expenses as exemplified in section 3 (above). The Faith Action Programme Leadership Team also provides study opportunities for ministers through its Study Leave Scheme and a planned programme of Continuing Ministerial Development, both of which may also contribute towards some of the expenses noted above.
- In relation to Parish Ministers offering pastoral cover or pulpit supply in support of colleagues during absence (on leave or through illness), this is part of fulfilment of the role of Parish Minister and no pulpit supply fee or pastoral cover payment is payable. Similarly, in the conduct of funerals, no Parish Minister may charge a fee to conduct a funeral or related visit either in his / her own Parish or that of another minister.
- Parish Ministers are reminded of the need at all times to behave in a manner worthy of their calling, to which end the General Assembly has approved a Code of Professional Conduct which is published in the Ministers' Handbook on the Church of Scotland website.
- Ministers are responsible for probity in relation to their own tax affairs.
- Beyond those items listed in these Regulations, no other expenses or remuneration may be paid by congregations or claimed by ministers.

II CONGREGATIONAL FINANCE REGULATIONS (REGULATIONS II 2016) (REPLACING REGULATIONS II 2012) (AMENDED BY REGS IV 2025)

Edinburgh 21 May 2016, Session I

Replace Regulations II 2012 for Congregational Finance with the following:

1. ACCOUNTING, INDEPENDENT EXAMINATION AND AUDITING REGULATIONS FOR CONGREGATIONAL ACCOUNTS

(A) FORMAT OF CONGREGATIONAL ACCOUNTS

The annual accounts of the congregation ("the Accounts") will be prepared in one of two formats:

- (1) In accordance with the methods and principles set out in the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland published on 16 July 2014 (the SORP) or
- (2) In the form of receipts and payments accounts including associated notes thereon, in accordance with the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 as amended by the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Amendment Regulations 2010.

The second format may only be prepared by congregations with gross income of less than £250,000 in any financial year.

(B) CONTENT OF CONGREGATIONAL ACCOUNTS

- (1) Where the Accounts have been prepared in accordance with the methods and principles set out in the SORP then in addition to the information required by the SORP the Accounts or notes thereon must also contain the following:
 - (a) An analysis of donations and legacies;
 - (b) An analysis of income from charitable activities;
 - (c) An analysis of income from other trading activities;
 - (d) A note of the stipend endowment income and glebe rent applied on behalf of the congregation;
 - (e) Details of the receipt and disbursement of Special Collections and Fund Raising for Other Charities (if any). These details shall be shown separately from the Statement of Financial Activities;
 - (f) A Note or Notes disclosing the Accounting Policies adopted in preparing the Accounts (see annexed Schedule);
 - (g) Details of the current stipend scale applicable to Parish Ministers
 - (h) A Memorandum Note showing any additional information necessary or appropriate to an understanding of the financial affairs of the congregation, including details of any Funds held by the Church of Scotland General Trustees for or in connection with the congregation.
- (2) Where the Accounts have been prepared in the form of Receipts and Payments Accounts then in addition to the information required by Schedules 2 and 3 to Regulation 9 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) the accounts should also contain the following:
 - (a) A Receipts and Payments Account showing amounts actually lodged in and withdrawn from the congregation's bank account during the year, but to include money received by the year-end but not banked and cheques written by the year-end but not cleared through the bank account and to exclude monies received by

the previous year-end but not banked and cheques written by the previous year-end but not cleared through the bank account. The Receipts and Payments Account should show under separate headings:

Ordinary General Receipts identifying receipts from Offerings and from Legacies separately from Other Receipts. All receipts should be further analysed as appropriate.

Ordinary General Payments identifying the payment towards the Ministries and Mission Contribution, Other Staffing Costs, and Buildings Costs separately from Other Costs. All payments should be further analysed as appropriate;

- (b) Details of the receipt and disbursement of Special Collections and Fund Raising for Other Charities (if any). These details shall be shown separately from Receipts and Payments Account;
- (c) A note of the stipend endowment income and glebe rent applied on behalf of the congregation;
- (d) Details of all Fabric, Reserve, Special and Trust Funds, including funds of congregational organisations, and Transfers between other Congregational Funds (if any);
- (e) A Statement of Balances analysed by fund at the year-end showing amounts held in bank accounts, investments held, other assets held, and amounts due to and due by the congregation at the year-end;
- (f) Details of the current stipend scale applicable to Parish Ministers;
- (g) A Memorandum Note showing any additional information necessary or appropriate to an understanding of the financial affairs of the congregation, including details of any Funds held by the Church of Scotland General Trustees for or in connection with the congregation.

(C) AUDIT/INDEPENDENT EXAMINATION OF CONGREGATIONAL ACCOUNTS

- (1) If the gross income of the congregation exceeds the threshold set out in The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended), an audit shall be conducted. Otherwise, an independent examination shall be conducted.
- (2) An audit shall be conducted by an auditor who is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of the relevant legislation for Companies (a) or by the Auditor General for Scotland.
- (3) An independent examination shall be conducted by a person who is reasonably believed by the Financial Board of the congregation to have the requisite ability and practical experience to carry out a competent examination of the accounts.

Where the Accounts have been prepared in accordance with the methods and principles set out in the SORP the independent examiner must also be:

- (a) a member of one of the following bodies:
 - the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland
 - the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales
 - the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland
 - the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants
 - the Association of Authorised Public Accountants
 - the Association of Accounting Technicians
 - the Association of International Accountants
 - the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants
 - the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators
 - the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy

or

- (b) a full member of the Association of Charity Independent Examiners
or
- (c) the Auditor General for Scotland.

An auditor or independent examiner, or a connected person of an auditor or independent examiner, must not be the Minister or a member of the Kirk Session or the Financial Board.

- (4) The Report of the auditor or independent examiner shall be in the form set out in Regulation 10(4) or Regulation 11(3) of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

(D) APPROVAL AND ATTESTING OF CONGREGATIONAL ACCOUNTS

- (1) After the Accounts have been prepared, they shall be submitted to the independent examiner or auditor and provided the independent examiner or auditor is content then they shall be submitted for the approval of the Trustees.
- (2) After the Accounts have been approved by the Trustees the appropriate report will be signed by the independent examiner or auditor. They shall then be submitted to the Presbytery by the 31st day of March following the financial year-end date, for examination and attestation by Presbytery to the effect that the Accounts are in accordance with the Regulations for Congregational Finance.
- (3) The Accounts must also be received by the congregation at the Stated Annual Meeting, or equivalent Congregational Meeting in the case of congregations not having the Model Deed of Constitution, such Meeting to be held not later than the 30th day of June following the financial year-end date.
- (4) Every Presbytery shall appoint an Accounts Inspection Committee having the task of examining Congregational Accounts annually and reporting thereon to Presbytery. The Committee shall include in its membership, by co-option if necessary, at least one person being a member of one of those recognised supervisory bodies listed at (C)(3)(a) above.
- (5) In cases where the Accounts are not in accordance with the Regulations for Congregational Finance, the Presbytery shall offer such advice and assistance as is necessary to ensure that the Accounts are amended in order to comply with the Regulations for Congregational Finance.
- (6) Every Presbytery shall submit annually to the Stewardship and Finance Department (by a date and in a form determined by the Council of Assembly) a report on its diligence in carrying out the provisions of those instructions. The Council of Assembly shall report on these returns to the General Assembly.

Schedule to Accounting, Independent Examination and Auditing Regulations for Congregational Accounts with reference to paragraph (B)1(f) – Accounting Policies

All Congregational Accounts prepared in accordance with the methods and principles set out in the SORP shall contain a Note or Notes disclosing the Accounting Policies adopted in preparing the Accounts. The Note or Notes shall *inter alia*:

- (a) state that the Accounts have been prepared on an *accruals basis* (income and expenditure).
[An *accruals basis* takes account of outstanding year-end income/debtors and expenditure/creditors.]
- (b) disclose the basis of accounting for heritable properties.

[Heritable properties should be recorded in the Accounts where title is locally held and where a cost or reliable valuation is readily available, and when not included a statement of Congregational properties (eg Church, Hall, Manse, etc.) should be provided.]

- (c) disclose the basis of accounting for fabric expenditure.
[eg “normal repairs and maintenance are charged to the General Fund; extraordinary repairs and improvements are met from the Fabric Fund and/or by special fund raising efforts”.]

2. REGULATIONS FOR CONGREGATIONAL BUDGETS

- (a) It shall be the duty of the Financial Board of every congregation to create and maintain among the members of the congregation a commitment to the provision, by regular giving, of sufficient income to meet the costs of the whole financial affairs of the congregation and to take all necessary and appropriate measures to that end.
- (b) Every Financial Board shall prepare and approve an annual Budget of estimated General Fund Income and Expenditure. Although the Budget may be attached to the annual Accounts of the congregation, it shall not be within the scope of the audit or independent examination of the Accounts, nor should it form part of the Accounts submitted to the Office at the Scottish Charity Regulator (OSCR).
- (c) Every Financial Board shall provide its members annually with a copy of the Budget. In addition, copies of the Budget shall be made available, for information, at the Stated Annual Meeting or equivalent Congregational Meeting at which the annual Accounts of the congregation are received.

3. BORROWING OF FUNDS

No congregation is permitted to borrow funds, whether by way of overdraft or otherwise and whether from a bank or elsewhere without first obtaining the agreement of Presbytery.

III PRESBYTERY FINANCE REGULATIONS (REGULATIONS III 2016) (REPLACING REGULATIONS III 2012) (AMENDED BY REGS III 2025)

Edinburgh 21 May 2016, Session i

Replace Regulations III 2012 for Presbytery Finance with the following:

(A) FORMAT OF PRESBYTERY ACCOUNTS

The annual accounts of the Presbytery ("the Accounts") will be prepared in one of two formats:

- (1) In accordance with the methods and principles set out in the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland published on 16 July 2014 (the SORP) or
- (2) In the form of receipts and payments accounts including associated notes thereon, in accordance with the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 as amended by the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2010.

The second format may only be prepared by Presbyteries with gross income of less than £250,000 in any financial year.

Where the Presbytery is not a registered charity, the format of the accounts should be amended to remove references which are specific to charities.

(B) CONTENT OF PRESBYTERY ACCOUNTS

- (1) Where the Accounts have been prepared in accordance with the methods and principles set out in the SORP then in addition to the information required by the SORP the Accounts or notes thereon must also contain the following:
 - (a) An analysis of donations and legacies;
 - (b) An analysis of income from charitable activities;
 - (c) An analysis of income from other trading activities;
 - (d) Details of the receipt and disbursement of Special Collections and Fund Raising for Other Charities (if any). These details shall be shown separately from the Statement of Financial Activities;
 - (e) A Note or Notes disclosing the Accounting Policies adopted in preparing the Accounts (see annexed Schedule);
 - (f) A Memorandum Note showing any additional information necessary or appropriate to an understanding of the financial affairs of the Presbytery, including details of any Funds held by the Church of Scotland General Trustees for or in connection with the Presbytery.
- (2) Where the Accounts have been prepared in the form of Receipts and Payments Accounts then in addition to the information required by Schedules 2 and 3 to Regulation 9 of The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) the accounts should also contain the following:
 - (a) A Receipts and Payments Account showing amounts actually lodged in and withdrawn from the Presbytery's bank account during the year, but to include money received by the year-end but not banked and cheques written by the year-end but not cleared through the bank account and to exclude money received by the previous year-end but not banked and cheques written by the previous year-end but not cleared through the bank account. The Receipts and Payments Account should show under separate headings:

Ordinary General Receipts
Ordinary General Payments;

- (b) Details of the receipt and disbursement of Special Collections and Fund Raising for Other Charities (if any). These details shall be shown separately from the Receipts and Payments Account;
- (c) Details of all Reserve, Special and Trust Funds and Transfers between other Presbytery Funds (if any);
- (d) A Statement of Balances analysed by fund at the year-end showing amounts held in bank accounts, investments held, other assets held, and amounts due to and due by the Presbytery at the year-end;
- (e) A Memorandum Note showing any additional information necessary or appropriate to an understanding of the financial affairs of the Presbytery, including details of any Funds held by the Church of Scotland General Trustees for or in connection with the Presbytery.

(C) AUDIT/INDEPENDENT EXAMINATION OF PRESBYTERY ACCOUNTS

- (1) If the gross income of the Presbytery exceeds the threshold set out in The Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended), an audit shall be conducted. Otherwise, an independent examination shall be conducted.
- (2) An audit shall be conducted by an auditor who is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of the relevant legislation for Companies (a) or by the Auditor General for Scotland.
- (3) An independent examination shall be conducted by a person who is reasonably believed by the Presbytery, or the appropriate Presbytery Committee, to have the requisite ability and practical experience to carry out a competent examination of the accounts.

Where the Accounts have been prepared in accordance with the methods and principles set out in the SORP the independent examiner must also be:

- (a) a member of one of the following bodies:
 - the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland
 - the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales
 - the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland
 - the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants
 - the Association of Authorised Public Accountants
 - the Association of Accounting Technicians
 - the Association of International Accountants
 - the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants
 - the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators
 - the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy

or

- (b) a full member of the Association of Charity Independent Examiners

or

- (c) the Auditor General for Scotland.

An auditor or independent examiner, or a connected person of an auditor or independent examiner, must not be a member of Presbytery.

- (4) The Report of the auditor or independent examiner shall be in the form set out in Regulation 10(4) or Regulation 11(3) of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

(D) APPROVAL AND ATTESTING OF PRESBYTERY ACCOUNTS

- (1) After the Accounts have been prepared, they shall be submitted to the independent examiner or auditor and provided the independent examiner or auditor is content then they shall be submitted for the approval of the Presbytery.
- (2) After the Accounts have been approved by the Presbytery the appropriate report will be signed by the independent examiner or auditor.
- (3) Immediately after the appropriate report has been signed by the independent examiner or auditor, they shall be submitted for attestation to the Stewardship and Finance Department, along with an Extract Minute, certifying the Presbytery's approval of the Accounts.
- (4) The Council of Assembly shall report to the General Assembly on its diligence in attesting Presbytery Accounts.

**Schedule to Accounting, Independent Examination and Auditing Regulations for
Presbytery Accounts with reference to paragraph (B)1(e) – Accounting Policies**

All Presbytery Accounts prepared in accordance with the methods and principles set out in the SORP shall contain a Note or Notes disclosing the Accounting Policies adopted in preparing the Accounts. The Note or Notes shall *inter alia*:

- (a) state that the Accounts have been prepared on an *accruals basis* (income and expenditure).
[An *accruals basis* takes account of outstanding year-end income/debtors and expenditure/creditors.]
- (b) disclose the basis of accounting for heritable properties.
[Heritable properties should be recorded in the Accounts where title is locally held and where a cost or reliable valuation of cost is readily available, and when not included a statement of Presbytery properties should be provided.]
- (c) disclose the basis of accounting for fabric expenditure.
[eg "normal repairs and maintenance are charged to the General Fund; extraordinary repairs and improvements are met from a Fabric Fund and/or by special fund raising efforts".]

V REGULATIONS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS FROM CONGREGATIONS IN THE PRESBYTERY OF INTERNATIONAL CHARGES (REGS V 2016) (AS AMENDED BY REGS III 2022)

Edinburgh 21 May 2016, Session I

General

1. All congregations within the Presbytery of International Charges (“the Presbytery”), are required to make a Contribution under the Congregational Contributions ‘Giving to Grow’ Regulations (Regs I 2022) (“Contribution”) to the total budget of the Church to be met by congregations, as determined by the General Assembly, in terms of these Regulations.
2. Each congregation shall transmit its required Contribution to the Presbytery annually in their local currency, unless permission is granted annually by Presbytery to allow payments to be made under some other arrangement, and Presbytery shall pay the total Contribution to the Stewardship and Finance Department in ten or twelve equal monthly instalments during the financial year by bank standing order.
3. It shall be the responsibility of the Financial Board of each congregation to inform the members of the congregation of the required Contribution and the ways in which this Contribution enables the worship, mission and service of the Church.
4. The Stewardship and Finance Department shall annually inform the Presbytery Clerk of shortfalls in Contributions from congregations within the bounds, both for the latest financial year and any accumulated totals for previous years. The Presbytery shall record all such shortfalls annually in the Minutes of the Presbytery and shall consult with the office-bearers of the congregations concerned.

Provision of Accounts

5. To facilitate the process of calculating the required Contribution for each congregation, Financial Boards, as defined in the International Presbytery Act 2016, shall be required to send annually by 30 June to the Stewardship and Finance Department a copy of their Congregational Accounts for the previous financial year.
6. Where the accounts of a congregation have not been received by 30 June the Department will make a reasonable estimate of the income based on income of previous years. Where accounts are subsequently received this estimate will only be amended if materially different and only the current and subsequent years’ Contributions shall be amended.

Calculation of Contributions

7. The required Contribution for each congregation shall be calculated by the Stewardship and Finance Department as 10% of the congregation’s Income Base.
8. The Income Base for each congregation shall include:
 - (a) General Fund income;
 - (b) Income specifically to meet the cost of ministries (including trust income with the exception of grants from the Salvesen Trust);
 - (c) Fabric Fund and Reserve Fund income;
 - (d) Net property rental income;
 - (e) Half of all gross income in excess of £10,000 received from outside agencies for the use of premises;
 - (f) Net income raised through giving online or through other digital means;
 - (g) Any other income which is available to meet the normal purposes of a congregation.

For the avoidance of doubt, legacies and the proceeds from the sale of property or investments, special collections for other charities and for specific major fabric projects and all grant income, including grants from the Salvesen Trust, shall be excluded from the Income Base.

9. The Income Base figure for the latest financial year, calculated as specified above in paragraph 8, shall be the base figure for calculating the required Contributions from congregations. Where the Income Base has been incorrectly assessed due to the Congregational Accounts not being fully compliant with relevant legislation and accounting practice, only the income of the current year and previous year will be corrected.

Adjustment for Ministers' Costs

10. The Contribution so calculated shall then be adjusted to take into account the local payment of ministers' employment costs. The percentage used to calculate this adjustment will be reviewed each year, dependent on the budget set by the General Assembly.
11. Where the local cost of providing a minister is substantially more than the equivalent cost in the United Kingdom then an agreement will be reached with the Assembly Trustees to reduce the assessed Contribution proportionately.

Local Ecumenical Partnerships

12. Where a congregation is part of a Local Ecumenical Partnership then an agreement will be reached with the other participating denomination(s) regarding how the assessed Contribution is allocated between the parties.

Membership of Local Denomination/National Church

13. Where a congregation is also a member of a local denomination or national church organization, a deduction of any membership contribution paid to the local denomination or national church organization may be made from the assessed Contribution up to a maximum of 50% of the assessed Contribution.

Appeals

14. The Governance Group of the Assembly Trustees shall appoint a Panel to adjudicate on any appeals from Congregations relating to the application of paragraph 8 above. Appeals on any other grounds shall not be permitted. (Full details of the appeals process are available from the Church of Scotland website.)

Presbytery Allocation

15. The Stewardship and Finance Department shall send to the Presbytery Clerk by 31 August each year a list of proposed Contributions calculated in accordance with these Regulations for congregations within the bounds of the Presbytery.

Notification of Contributions to Congregations

16. The Presbytery shall notify the congregations of their required Contributions for the following financial year not later than 15 November each year. The Presbytery shall also communicate by Extract Minute the required Contributions for congregations within their bounds for the following financial year to the Stewardship and Finance Department not later than 15 November each year.
17. The Stewardship and Finance Department shall then issue to Congregational Treasurers or their equivalent in December each year confirmation of the required Contributions for the following financial year.

Transition Funding

18. The sum total of increases in Contributions for Congregations within a Presbytery between the last year of the previous Contribution system (2022) and that current year's requirement, will be made available as Transition Funding to Presbytery. This will be communicated when the list of proposed Contributions is issued to Presbytery. This funding will be available annually, for the first three years (i.e. in the years 2023 – 2025) of this Giving to Grow contribution system.
19. This transition funding may be used by the Presbytery to reduce the proposed Contributions for individual Congregations before these are finalised for the following year. This will be charged to the Church of Scotland General Fund.

**VII. MILITARY RESERVE CHAPLAINS REGULATIONS (REGULATIONS VII 2016)
(REPLACING REGULATIONS VI 2000)**

Edinburgh, 26 May 2016, Session VI

1. Where a Parish Minister ("the Minister") is an Army Reserve Chaplain, RAF Reserve Chaplain or a Royal Naval Reserve Chaplain on part time reserve service, any proposed change of such status to military service on voluntary mobilisation under section 24 of the Reserve Forces Act 1996 shall not be effective unless and until all of the following have been granted:-
 - (a) firstly, the consent of the Minister's Kirk Session;
 - (b) secondly, the consent of the Presbytery of the bounds; and
 - (c) thirdly, the consent of the Committee on Chaplains to HM Forces or any General Assembly Committee which may succeed to its duties or functions ("the Committee").
2. Before deciding whether to give or withhold such consent the Committee shall interview the Minister. The consent of the Committee shall not be granted unless the following apply:-
 - (i) the Minister must complete the Employer Notification and relevant mobilisation paperwork from the Ministry of Defence, naming the Church of Scotland, Ministries Council, 121 George Street, Edinburgh EH2 4YN as his or her employer, in order that the appropriate compensatory arrangements for the period of military service will be made to the Ministries Council (for the avoidance of doubt, all compensatory payments made to the Church during the Minister's period of military service shall belong to the Ministries Council);
 - (ii) confirmation must be received from the Ministry of Defence that satisfactory arrangements are in place as to insurance against personal injury and death during the period of military service;
 - (iii) the Presbytery of the bounds must be able to give an assurance that a suitably qualified locum (full-time where possible) for the Minister's charge will be appointed to serve for the period of the Minister's absence on military service, such appointment to be wholly conditional on the consent of the Committee, in terms of these Regulations, being granted.
3. On all of the consents, as detailed above, having been granted, the Presbytery shall appoint an Interim Moderator and, in consultation with the Kirk Session, a suitably qualified locum (full-time where possible) for the charge who shall serve for the period of the Minister's absence on military service. With the agreement of all parties the Interim Moderator and the locum may be the same person.
4. The Minister's period(s) of military service shall not exceed six months in any six year period.
5. During periods of military service the Minister shall retain his or her status as Minister of the charge but shall be seconded by the Church to the Ministry of Defence who shall assume all of the responsibilities of an employer vis-à-vis the Minister. For the avoidance of doubt payment of stipend to the Minister shall cease for the duration of such periods.
6. During periods of military service the Church's contributions to the Church of Scotland Pension Plan in respect of the Minister will be paid by the Church as though he or she were fulfilling all of the duties of a Parish Minister in the charge, UNLESS the Minister requests that employer contributions are made into the Armed Forces Pension Scheme (AFPS), in which case payment into the Church of Scotland scheme will cease until the Minister resumes Parish duties.
7. Regulations VI 2000 shall be repealed.

I LEGAL AID IN DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS REGULATIONS (REGS I 2018) (AS AMENDED BY REGS I 2024)

Edinburgh, 19 May 2018, Session 3

Definitions

1. In these Regulations, the following definitions apply:

- (1) “Applicant” shall mean a person (1) who is subject to discipline in terms of the Discipline Act (Act I 2019) (“the 2019 Act”), (2) against whom disciplinary proceedings have been initiated in terms of Part 8 of the 2019 Act, or who wishes to accept a Censure with consent in terms of the 2019 Act, or who is making an admission under Part 9 of the 2019 Act (Accelerated Procedure), and (3) who is an applicant for legal aid;
- (2) “Assisted Person” shall mean a person in respect of whom a Certificate is in force and, with reference to Rule 9 of Part One of the Schedule, and in respect of costs incurred before notice of the discharge or revocation of a Certificate is received by his or her solicitor, includes the person in respect of whom that Certificate was issued;
- (3) “Certificate” shall mean a certificate issued by the Sub Committee in terms of Regulation 6 below;
- (4) “Committee” shall mean the General Assembly’s Legal Questions Committee;
- (5) “costs” shall mean the legal fees charged and outlays incurred (including any fees and expenses reasonably and necessarily incurred in relation to potential or actual witnesses) by the solicitor referred to in Rule 3(2) or 8(5);
- (6) “Counsel” includes a solicitor advocate;
- (7) “Fund” shall mean the Legal Aid Fund maintained by the Committee in accordance with Regulation 2 below;
- (8) “legal aid” shall mean representation by the said solicitor and, where appropriate, by counsel or by a solicitor or counsel referred to in Rule 19(b) in any proceedings mentioned at subsection (1) above, on the terms provided for in these Regulations, and includes all such assistance as is usually given by a solicitor or by counsel in the steps incidental to such proceedings;
- (9) “Minister” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Registration of Ministries Act (Act II 2017);
- (10) “partner” means someone with whom an Applicant or Assisted Person lives as a couple, whether or not they are married and whether of the same or different sex;
- (11) “Schedule” shall mean the schedule in three parts attached to these Regulations;
- (12) “Secretary” shall mean the Secretary to the Sub Committee;
- (13) “Sub Committee” shall mean a Legal Aid Sub Committee consisting of the Convener, Vice-Convener and one other member of the Committee. At least one member of the Sub Committee shall require to be legally qualified. The Depute

Solicitor of the Church shall normally act as Secretary to the Sub Committee but shall not be a member thereof.

2. The Committee shall maintain the Fund, which shall be administered on behalf of the Committee by the Sub Committee. Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations, including the Rules of Procedure set out in Part One of the Schedule and any supplementary rules made by the Committee in terms of Regulation 11, the Sub Committee may make such payments of costs out of the Fund as it may authorise by Certificate.
3. An Applicant shall be entitled to apply to the Sub Committee for legal aid in respect of legal costs incurred by him or her in one or other of the following situations: (1) in relation to disciplinary proceedings initiated in terms of Part 8 of the 2019 Act, and any appeal following thereon, in which case any award shall be restricted to the cost of work undertaken after the initiation of such disciplinary proceedings, or (2) where the Applicant wishes to accept a Censure with consent in terms of the 2019 Act, in which case any award shall be restricted to the cost of work required to enable the Censure with consent to be accepted, or (3) where the Applicant is making an admission under Part 9 of the 2019 Act (Accelerated Procedure), in which case any award shall be restricted to the cost of work required to enable the admission(s) to be made, the Joint Minute to be negotiated and agreed and the Applicant to be represented at the diet at which the Discipline Tribunal's decision is made.
4. Before deciding whether to grant any legal aid and, if so, to what extent, the Sub Committee shall have regard to all the circumstances of the case including:-
 - (a) the nature of any right or interest of the Applicant which is at stake in the proceedings and whether such right or interest is of the nature of a civil right; and
 - (b) if so, whether, in the whole circumstances of the case, legal representation is necessary to enable the Applicant to receive a fair hearing; and
 - (c) whether the Applicant is obliged in terms of section 22(1)(b) or section 38(1) of the 2019 Act to take legal advice before agreeing to a Censure with Consent or a Joint Minute under the Accelerated Procedure; and
 - (d) having regard to financial resources available to the Applicant (including, as appropriate, the financial resources of the Applicant's partner and whether help is available or likely to become available from another source such as a trade union or insurance company), whether the Applicant could, without financial hardship, afford such representationand legal aid shall not be granted if it appears to the Sub Committee that the Applicant could, without undue financial hardship to him or her or his or her dependants, afford to proceed without such assistance.
5.
 - (a) Legal aid shall not be granted to an Applicant who does not satisfy the capital and income eligibility criteria set out in Parts Two and Three of the Schedule¹.
 - (b) Legal aid shall be granted in accordance with the sliding scale of disposable income and capital and subject to the contributions by the Assisted Person set out in Part Two of the Schedule.
 - (c) The legal aid payable from the Fund shall be limited to costs, or a contribution towards costs, up to the maximum levels of authorised expenditure agreed by the Sub Committee from time to time. Financial assistance with legal fees shall be

¹ A quick guide to disposable capital and income is available from the Secretary to the Sub Committee

limited to the costs or part of the costs of legal advice or representation by a solicitor or counsel and shall be paid direct to the solicitor referred to in Rule 3(2) of Part One.

- (d) The Committee shall from time to time review (i) the capital and income eligibility criteria (ii) the sliding scale of disposable income and capital (iii) the level of contributions by the Assisted Person and shall be entitled to adjust each of these as it deems appropriate and shall report any adjustments made to the following General Assembly.
6. The Sub Committee may issue a Certificate for the payment of the costs, or part of the costs, incurred by the Assisted Person subject to such conditions specified in the Certificate as the Sub Committee thinks fit. Without prejudice to the foregoing generality, the Sub Committee may issue a Certificate for:-
- (a) The payment of a contribution towards costs of an amount specified in the Certificate; or
 - (b) The payment of costs subject to a contribution from the Applicant of an amount so specified; or
 - (c) The payment of such proportion of costs as may be so specified; or
 - (d) The payment of the costs of, or a specified proportion of the costs of, such part of the proceedings as may be so specified, whether by reference to issues in or stages of those proceedings.
7. Where on any application the Sub Committee considers that legal aid should not be granted, the Sub Committee before making a final decision shall afford the Applicant an opportunity of making representations, whether in writing or orally and whether in person or by his or her solicitor or counsel with respect to the application. For the avoidance of doubt, no payment from the Fund shall be made in respect of the making of such application.
8. The Secretary shall notify the Applicant and his or her solicitor in writing of the Sub Committee's decision on his or her application for legal aid, and of the grounds for that decision.
9. Where an application for legal aid is refused, no further application for legal aid may be made by the same Applicant in relation to the same proceedings unless it contains or is accompanied by further information showing a material change of circumstances.
10. (a) A decision made in terms of these Regulations by the Sub Committee to refuse an application for legal aid shall not be subject to appeal or dissent and complaint or any other form of review, other than a procedural review carried out by another sub-committee of the Committee (the "Review Committee"), established for that purpose, consisting of three of its members, one of whom shall act as Convener and at least one of whom shall be qualified to practice as a lawyer.
- (b) Such a review must be requested by the Applicant within fourteen days of the date on which the Sub Committee intimated its decision to the Applicant and can be sought only on one or more of the following grounds:
- (i) that there was an irregularity or breach of procedure or of the principles of natural justice in the process followed by the Sub Committee which materially influenced its decision; and/or

- (ii) that its decision was materially influenced by some incorrect material fact.
 - (c) Such a request shall be made by sending or delivering a written request to the Principal Clerk and such request shall also state, in brief, specific numbered propositions, the grounds which the Applicant considers justify a procedural review taking place.
 - (d) In the event that the Review Committee determines that one or both of the foregoing grounds have been established, it shall remit the matter back to the Sub Committee with an instruction to reconsider its original decision in the light of the findings of the Review Committee.
 - (e) In the event that the Review Committee determines that neither of the foregoing grounds has been established, the decision of the Sub Committee shall be deemed to have become final.
 - (f) The decision of the Review Committee shall be final and not subject to appeal, dissent and complaint or any other form of further review.
11. The Committee may make such further rules as it considers necessary or desirable for giving effect to, or for preventing abuses of, these Regulations and rules made under this subsection may in particular make provision:
- (a) as to any further procedure to be observed in relation to an application for legal aid including the design and content of the application form;
 - (b) as to the information to be furnished by any Applicant applying for or receiving legal aid and as to the provision of information by any solicitor acting for any such person; and
 - (c) enabling the Sub Committee to authorise a payment to account of legal expenses incurred by the Applicant in appropriate circumstances.

Schedule

Part One

Rules of Procedure

GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. Meetings and procedure of the Sub Committee

- (1) The quorum for meetings of the Sub Committee shall be two members.
- (2) The business of the Sub Committee may, if the Convener so directs and none of the other members objects, be carried out by correspondence (by letter or email) or by conference telephone call, video conference or the like electronic means.

2. Notification of issue, amendment, discharge or revocation of Certificate

Where any Certificate or any notice of the amendment, discharge or revocation of a Certificate is sent to any solicitor in accordance with Rule 6, 8 or 9 the solicitor shall lodge a copy of the Certificate or notice with either the Solicitor of the Church (where

the proceedings to which the Certificate relates are before the Presbyterial Commission) or the Principal Clerk (where the proceedings to which the Certificate relates are before the Judicial Commission).

APPLICATIONS FOR LEGAL AID AND ISSUE OF CERTIFICATES

3. Applications for legal aid

- (1) An application for legal aid:
 - (a) shall be made in writing in a form approved by the Sub Committee; and
 - (b) shall be lodged with the Secretary.
- (2) Every application for legal aid shall state the name and address of the solicitor selected by the Applicant to act for him or her in the proceedings concerned. That solicitor must hold and continue to hold an unrestricted practising certificate issued by the Law Society of Scotland. The said application shall also contain such information and be accompanied by such documents as may be requisite to enable the Sub Committee
 - (a) to determine the nature of the proceedings to which the application relates; and
 - (b) to reach a view on the matters set out at Regulation 4 (a) to (c) above.
- (3) Any application for legal aid shall contain an undertaking made by the Applicant and an undertaking by the said solicitor that they will comply with these Regulations, and any such undertakings shall be made on forms approved by the Sub Committee, or in such other manner, being in writing, as the Secretary may accept as sufficient in the circumstances of the case. Any solicitor appointed in terms of Rule 8(5) shall give an undertaking in said terms.
- (4) The Applicant irrevocably waives his or her right of confidentiality insofar as its exercise would otherwise hinder or restrain his or her solicitor's ability to comply with Rule 14.

4. Provision of additional information

An Applicant shall, if required by the Secretary or the Sub Committee to do so for the purpose of providing additional information:

- (a) attend for interview by the Secretary or the Sub Committee;
- (b) supply such further documents or other information as the Secretary or the Sub Committee may require.

5. Interim Certificates

- (1) The Secretary may issue an interim Certificate for legal aid on behalf of the Sub Committee in any case in which the Secretary on receiving an application under Rule 3 considers that there are reasonable grounds for concluding that the Applicant should be granted legal aid in respect of the whole or part of the costs to be incurred by any person before the determination of the application by the Sub Committee.
- (2) Before issuing an interim Certificate under paragraph (1) the Secretary shall consult the Convener of the Sub Committee or, if it is not practicable to do so, shall consult the two other members of the Sub Committee one of whom shall be legally qualified.

6. Issue and contents of Certificates

- (1) The Secretary shall send any Certificate issued by or on behalf of the Sub Committee to the Applicant's solicitor and shall send a copy of the Certificate to the Applicant.
- (2) In addition to any provision included in the Certificate by virtue of Regulation 6, the Certificate shall specify:
 - (a) the date on which it is issued;
 - (b) the name and address of the Applicant;
 - (c) the name and address of the Applicant's solicitor; and
 - (d) the proceedings to which the Certificate relates.

7. Contribution by Assisted Person

Where a Certificate is issued under Regulation 6 (b), any contribution to be made by the Assisted Person which is specified in the Certificate shall not be payable to the Sub Committee or into the Fund, but the amount paid or payable out of the Fund on the authority of the Certificate shall not exceed the amount (if any) by which the total amount of the costs incurred by the Assisted Person, as taxed or assessed in accordance with these Rules, exceeds the amount of that contribution.

AMENDMENT, DISCHARGE AND REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATES

8. Power to amend Certificates

- (1) The Sub Committee may, either on the request of the Assisted Person or of its own motion, amend any Certificate issued by it where in its opinion:
 - (a) there is a mistake in the Certificate; or
 - (b) it has become desirable for the Certificate to extend to additional proceedings; or
 - (c) it has become desirable for the Certificate to extend to additional stages of, or to reduce or restrict it from certain stages of, the proceedings in respect of which it was issued; or
 - (d) there has been a material change in the financial circumstances of the Assisted Person;

or where the Assisted Person desires to change his or her solicitor or where his or her solicitor withdraws from the conduct of the case. Any new solicitor assuming the agency must hold and continue to hold an unrestricted practising certificate issued by the Law Society of Scotland.

- (2) Application for the amendment of a Certificate shall contain such information and be accompanied by such documents as the Secretary considers necessary or desirable to enable the Sub Committee to determine the application, and Rules 3(1) and 4, and Regulations 4, 8, 9 and 10 shall apply in relation to an application for the amendment of a Certificate as they apply in relation to an application for legal aid.
- (3) Before amending a Certificate in the circumstances specified in paragraph (1)(c) or (d) so as to reduce or restrict the Assisted Person's entitlement to legal aid, the Sub Committee shall:
 - (a) notify the Assisted Person that it is considering making the amendment; and

- (b) afford him or her an opportunity of making representations, whether in writing or orally and whether in person or by his or her solicitor or counsel, with respect to the proposed amendment.
- (4) An amendment to a Certificate shall take effect from such date as the Sub Committee may specify, and (subject to Rule 11) shall have effect in respect of costs incurred on or after that date.
- (5) Where a Certificate has been amended the Secretary shall send notice of the amendment, specifying the date from which it takes effect, together with a copy of the notice, to the Assisted Person's solicitor for the time being, and shall send a further copy of the notice to the Assisted Person.

9. Power to discharge or revoke Certificates

- (1) The Sub Committee may terminate a Certificate by discharging or revoking it in accordance with this Regulation.
- (2) Subject to Rule 11:
 - (a) where a Certificate is discharged, that Certificate shall cease to be in force on the date from which the discharge takes effect; and
 - (b) where a Certificate is revoked, that Certificate shall be deemed never to have been in force.
- (3) The Sub Committee may discharge a Certificate in the following circumstances:
 - (a) where the Assisted Person has requested or consented to the discharge;
 - (b) where the Sub Committee is satisfied that
 - (i) the Assisted Person has died or has had a bankruptcy order made against him or her; or
 - (ii) the proceedings or the part of the proceedings to which the Certificate relates have or has been disposed of or completed;
 - (c) where as a result of information which has come to the Sub Committee it is satisfied that:
 - (i) the Assisted Person no longer has reasonable grounds for taking, defending or being a party to the proceedings or for continuing to do so;
 - (ii) the Assisted Person has required the proceedings to be conducted unreasonably so as to incur an unjustifiable expense to the Fund or has required unreasonably that the proceedings be continued;
 - (iii) the financial circumstances of the Assisted Person are such that he or she could afford to proceed without legal aid; or
 - (iv) it is unreasonable in the particular circumstances that the Assisted Person should continue to receive legal aid.
- (4) Where as a result of information which has come to the Sub Committee:
 - (a) the Sub Committee is satisfied that an Assisted Person has willfully failed to comply with these Rules or Regulations; or
 - (b) it is satisfied that an Assisted Person has knowingly made a false statement or false representation in connection with an application for legal aid or for an amendment of a Certificate; or

- (c) it is satisfied that an Assisted Person has failed to disclose a material fact in connection with an application for legal aid or an application for an amendment of a Certificate, and he or she cannot show that he or she used due care and diligence to avoid that failure,

the Sub Committee may discharge the Certificate issued in respect of the Assisted Person or, if the act or omission or the first of the acts or omissions by the Assisted Person specified in sub-paragraph (a), (b) or (c) occurred before the date on which the Certificate was issued, may revoke the Certificate.

- (5) Before discharging a Certificate in the circumstances specified in paragraph (3) (c) or discharging or revoking a Certificate in the circumstances specified in paragraph (4), the Sub Committee shall:
 - (a) notify the Assisted Person that it is considering the discharge or revocation of the Certificate; and
 - (b) afford him or her an opportunity of making representations, whether in writing or orally and whether in person or by his or her representative, with respect to the proposed discharge or revocation.
- (6) The discharge of a Certificate under the foregoing provisions of this Rule shall take effect from such date as the Sub Committee may consider appropriate.
- (7) Where a Certificate is discharged or revoked the Secretary shall send notice of the discharge or revocation (specifying in the case of a discharge the date from which it takes effect), together with a copy of the notice, to the solicitor of the person in respect of whom a certificate had been issued and shall (except where the Certificate has been discharged because of the death of that person) send a further copy of the notice to that person, in each case stating the grounds for the action taken.

10. Effect of amendment, discharge or revocation on costs already incurred

- (1) Where a Certificate is amended so as to reduce or restrict the amount of legal aid payable under it or is discharged or revoked, that amendment, discharge or revocation shall not affect the payment, or the amount of the payment, out of the Fund to the solicitor of the person in relation to whom the Certificate was issued in respect of costs incurred before the date on which notice of the amendment, discharge or revocation is received by that solicitor.
- (2) Where a Certificate has been amended or discharged with effect from a date earlier than the date on which notice of the amendment or discharge is received by the solicitor of the person to whom the Certificate was issued, that person accepts personal liability for and shall pay into the Fund the amount of any legal aid paid or payable to his solicitor by virtue of paragraph (1) in respect of costs incurred between those dates.
- (3) Where a Certificate has been revoked, the person to whom it was issued accepts personal liability for and shall pay into the Fund the amount of any legal aid paid or payable to his or her solicitor by virtue of paragraph (1) in respect of costs incurred before the date on which notice of the revocation is received by that solicitor.

CONDUCT OF PROCEEDINGS

11. Notification of changes in circumstances

- (1) An Applicant or Assisted Person shall forthwith inform his or her solicitor of:

- (a) any material change in his or her financial circumstances; and
 - (b) any other change in the circumstances of his or her case which he or she has reason to believe might affect the terms or continuation of the Certificate, and
- an Applicant's or Assisted Person's solicitor who receives any such information from the Applicant or Assisted Person or otherwise shall forthwith report that information to the Sub Committee.
- (2) Without prejudice to paragraph (1), where a solicitor who has acted or is acting for an Assisted Person is:
- (a) aware that the Assisted Person has died or granted a protected trust deed or applied for a debt payment programme or has had a bankruptcy order made against him; or
 - (b) satisfied that the proceedings or the part of the proceedings to which the Certificate relates have or has been disposed of or completed,
- he or she shall forthwith report those matters to the Sub Committee.

12. Abuse of legal aid

- (1) Where an Assisted Person's solicitor has reason to believe that any of the circumstances mentioned in paragraph (3) exist, he or she shall forthwith report those circumstances to the Sub Committee.
- (2) Where at any time during the hearing of any proceedings in respect of which legal aid is granted, the Presbyterial Commission or the Judicial Commission (as the case may be) considers that any of the circumstances mentioned in paragraph (3) exist, it may make an order referring to the Sub Committee the question of whether the Assisted Person's Certificate should continue.
- (3) The circumstances referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) are that:
 - (a) the Assisted Person has required the proceedings to which the Certificate relates to be conducted unreasonably so as to incur an unjustifiable expense to the Fund or has required unreasonably that the proceedings be continued;
 - (b) the Assisted Person has wilfully failed to comply with these Regulations;
 - (c) the Assisted Person has knowingly made a false statement or false representation in connection with an application for legal aid or for amendment of a Certificate;
 - (d) the Assisted Person has failed to disclose a material fact in connection with an application for legal aid or for amendment of a Certificate and he or she cannot show that he or she used due care and diligence to avoid that failure.
- (4) Where it appears to the Sub Committee that a person has, with intent to reduce that person's disposable income or disposable capital, whether for the purpose of making that person eligible for legal aid, reducing that person's liability to pay a contribution towards civil legal aid or otherwise
 - (a) directly or indirectly deprived that person of any resources; or
 - (b) converted any part of that person's resources into resources which under these Regulations are to be wholly or partly disregarded or in respect of which nothing is to be included in determining the resources of that person

the resources of which that person has so deprived himself or herself or which he or she has so converted shall be treated as part of that person's resources or as not so converted, as the case may be.

- (5) Where it appears to the Sub Committee that any solicitor has, in connection with the provision of legal aid, acted in such a way as to justify action being taken against him or her by the Law Society of Scotland or the Scottish Solicitors' Discipline Tribunal it shall refer the matter to either of those bodies so that they can consider whether to take action. Where the Sub Committee has referred a matter to either of the bodies mentioned it may withhold payment of any fees due to him or her in respect of legal aid pending the outcome of the investigation by the body or bodies to which the matter has been referred.

13. Provision of further information

An Assisted Person and his or her solicitor shall give to the Sub Committee such information regarding the progress and disposal of the proceedings in respect of which the Certificate has been issued as the Sub Committee may from time to time require to enable it to perform its functions.

14. Power of Sub Committee to request documents.

- (1) The Sub Committee may, for the purpose of determining whether a solicitor may be seeking to recover from the Fund money to which he or she is not entitled, as, for example, by performing unnecessary work, or where a solicitor is or may not be complying with his or her obligations under these Regulations, request any solicitor to produce such documents relating wholly or partly to the provision of legal aid as it may specify, at such time and place as it may specify.
- (2) If it appears to the Sub Committee that there is good reason to do so, it may request any solicitor to produce forthwith any such documents as are mentioned above.
- (3) The power under this section to request production of documents includes power:
- (a) to request any person, who is a present or past partner or employee of any such solicitor or his or her firm and who appears to the Sub Committee to have any documents, to produce them;
 - (b) if any documents are produced:
 - (i) take copies of them or extracts from them; and
 - (ii) to request the person producing them, or any other person who is a present or past partner or employee of the solicitor or his or her firm, to provide an explanation of them;
 - (c) if any document or information is held other than in legible form, to request the production of a copy of it in legible form; and
 - (d) if documents are not produced, to ask the person who was requested to produce them to state, to the best of his knowledge and belief, where they are.
- (4) No documents obtained by the Sub Committee by virtue of this Rule shall be used by it for any purpose other than the purposes mentioned in subsection (1) above.

15. Privilege etc. not to prevent disclosure

- (1) No solicitor shall be precluded, by reason of any privilege arising out of the relationship between solicitor and client, from disclosing to the Sub Committee any information or documents or from giving any opinion which:
- (a) he or she is required to disclose or give to the Sub Committee under these Regulations; or

- (b) may enable the Sub Committee to perform its functions.
- (2) For the purpose of providing information under these Regulations to enable the Sub Committee to perform its functions, any party to proceedings to which an Assisted Person is or was a party may disclose to the Sub Committee communications relating to those proceedings which have been sent by the Assisted Person's solicitor, whether or not they are expressed to be "without prejudice".

16. False information etc.

If any Assisted Person, person seeking legal aid or person in respect of whom a certificate has been issued

- (a) wilfully fails to comply with any Regulations as to the information to be furnished by him or her; or
- (b) for the purpose of obtaining legal aid knowingly makes any false statement or false representation,

he or she may be guilty of a disciplinary offence for the purposes of the Act.

COSTS

17. Authority to incur costs

- (1) Where:
 - (a) it appears to the Assisted Person's solicitor to be necessary for the proper conduct of proceedings to which the Certificate relates to incur costs by taking any of the steps specified in paragraph (2); and
 - (b) payment of legal aid in respect of those costs is not specifically authorised by the Certificate,

the Assisted Person's solicitor shall apply to the Sub Committee for authority to incur those costs, and no payment of legal aid shall be made in respect of any such costs incurred in advance of the solicitor's first having obtained authority from the Sub Committee. Authority may be granted subject to any restriction, condition or qualification as to cost limits or otherwise as to the Sub Committee shall seem reasonable.

- (2) The steps referred to in paragraph (1) are:
 - (a) lodging an appeal;
 - (b) obtaining a report or opinion from one or more experts or tendering expert evidence;
 - (c) employing a person to provide a report or opinion (other than as an expert) or paying a person (not being an expert witness) a fee to prepare a report or opinion and to give evidence if required;
 - (d) requiring transcripts of shorthand notes or tape recordings of any proceedings;
 - (e) performing any act which either is unusual in its nature or involves unusually large expenditure.
 - (f) Instructing junior counsel.
 - (g) Instructing senior counsel.

- (3) Authority may be granted retrospectively on special cause shown.

18. Costs for legal aid to be taxed or assessed

Legal aid shall be payable only in respect of costs of an Assisted Person which have been taxed or assessed in accordance with these Rules.

19. Restriction on payment and employment of solicitor or counsel

Where legal aid is available to a person in connection with any proceedings (whether legal aid is available in connection with all or only part of the proceedings):-

- (a) the solicitor or counsel providing legal aid shall not take any payment in respect of any advice given or anything done in connection with such proceedings during any period when legal aid was so available except for such payment as may be made, in accordance with these Regulations; and
- (b) without prejudice to any right of a solicitor or advocate to entrust it to another solicitor or advocate, no solicitor or counsel other than the solicitor or counsel referred to in Rule 3(2) shall advise or act for him in connection with the proceedings.

20. Taxation of costs

- (1) Any taxation of costs under these Regulations may be carried out in such manner as the Sub Committee considers appropriate. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing the Sub Committee may refer the matter for taxation to an Auditor of the Court of Session, Sheriff Appeal Court or any Sheriff Court and the Assisted Person agrees to be bound by the determination of such Auditor. Liability for the fees and other costs incurred in taxation shall be a matter for the discretion of the Sub Committee.
- (2) In any proceedings for taxation in accordance with these Regulations the Sub Committee shall have power to require the attendance of witnesses and production of documents so far as is necessary for the discharge of its functions or those of any Auditor.
- (3) Proceedings for taxation of costs in accordance with these Regulations shall be commenced by the Assisted Person's solicitor:
 - (a) lodging with the Secretary an application in writing for taxation, together with the bill of costs and all necessary papers and vouchers (including copies of the Certificate and of any notice of amendment, discharge or revocation of the Certificate); and
 - (b) serving on any other party copies of the application and the bill of costs.
- (4) The Secretary may deal with the taxation of costs by correspondence or may elect to fix a time and place for a taxation hearing and if a hearing is deemed to be appropriate shall give not less than seven days' notice of that time and place to the Assisted Person's solicitor and any other party.
- (5) If:
 - (a) any other party does not attend at the time and place fixed for the taxation; and
 - (b) the Sub Committee is satisfied that he or she had due notice of that time and place,

the Sub Committee or Auditor may proceed with the taxation in his absence.

- (6) Without prejudice to any other provision of these Regulations or any statutory provision, on a taxation in accordance with these Regulations:
 - (a) any costs in excess of the appropriate level of authorised expenditure allowed in terms of Regulation 5 (c) shall be disallowed;
 - (b) any costs wasted by failure to conduct the proceedings with reasonable competence and expedition shall be disallowed or reduced; and
 - (c) where a solicitor has without good reason failed within four months to put in his or her bill for taxation, the whole of the costs covered by that bill may be disallowed or reduced.
- (7) No costs shall be disallowed or reduced under paragraph (6) unless notice has been served by the Sub Committee on the solicitor in question requiring the solicitor to show cause orally or in writing why those costs should not be disallowed or reduced.
- (8) For the purposes of this rule “other party” means any person other than the Assisted Person who is or was a party to the proceedings to which the Certificate relates and who has an interest in the taxation.

21. Assessment of costs

- (1) Paragraph (2) applies where Rule 20 requires any costs to be taxed or assessed in accordance with these Regulations and where:
 - (a) the retainer of the Assisted Person’s solicitor was determined before the proceedings in question were begun, and there has been no subsequent change in the Assisted Person’s solicitor; or
 - (b) the Assisted Person’s solicitor is of opinion that the total amount of the costs which he or she would receive after a taxation in accordance with these Regulations would not be more than £1,000 (or any greater sum for the time being authorised by the Sub Committee for the purposes of this Rule); or
 - (c) there has been an agreement in respect of the amount of the costs to be paid to the Assisted Person, and the Assisted Person’s solicitor is willing to accept that agreed amount in full satisfaction of work done; or
 - (d) there are special circumstances in which a taxation:
 - (i) would be against the interests of the Assisted Person; or
 - (ii) would increase the amount payable out of the Fund.
- (2) Where this paragraph applies the Assisted Person’s solicitor may apply in writing to the Secretary for an assessment by the Sub Committee of the amount of the Assisted Person’s costs.
- (3) On any such application the Sub Committee may if it thinks fit assess the amount of those costs without a taxation.
- (4) Where no such application has been made and the Sub Committee is satisfied that:
 - (a) there are special circumstances rendering it desirable to assess the amount of those costs without a taxation; and
 - (b) to do so would not be against the interests of the Assisted Person,
 the Sub Committee may assess the amount of those costs without a taxation.
- (5) An assessment under this Rule shall be carried out so as to allow:

- (a) as nearly as may be the same amount of costs as would have been allowed on a taxation under these Regulations; or
- (b) if the Sub Committee thinks fit in a case within sub-paragraph (1)(c), the agreed amount referred to in that sub-paragraph.

Part Two

Financial Eligibility

Disposable Income and capital range and maximum contribution – sliding scale

Disposable capital (as defined in Part Three of this Schedule)

Lower limit on or below which an Assisted Person will not have to pay a contribution: **£7,853**.

Upper capital limit above which the Sub Committee may refuse an Applicant legal aid if it considers that he or she can afford to proceed without it: **£13,017**.

If a person has disposable capital of between **£7,853 and £13,017** he or she is eligible on capital, but will have to pay a contribution. This contribution is equal to the difference between his or her capital and £7,853.

If a person has capital worth over **£13,017** he or she will not be eligible for legal aid, unless it appears to the Sub Committee that he or she cannot afford to proceed without legal aid.

Disposable Income (as defined in Part Three of this Schedule)

Lower disposable limit on or below which a person will not have to pay a contribution: **£3,521** p.a

Upper disposable limit above which a person will be ineligible on income: **£26,239** p.a

Income contributions

Annual Disposable income	Contribution rates applied to income in that range
Below £3,521	0%
£3,522 - £11,540	33%
£11,541 - £15,743	50%
£15,744 - £26,239	100%
Above £26,239	Ineligible

Part Three

Financial Eligibility

Detailed rules as to calculation of capital and income

A. Calculation of disposable capital

1. Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, there shall be included in the computation of the Applicant's capital the amount or value of every resource of a capital nature available to the Applicant and his or her partner ascertained as on the date of the application for legal aid. Where it is brought to the notice of the Sub Committee that, between the date of the application and the determination, there has been a substantial fluctuation in the value of a resource or there has been a substantial variation in the nature of a resource affecting the basis of computation of its value, or any resource has ceased to exist or a new resource has come into the possession of the person concerned, the Sub Committee shall compute the capital resources of the Applicant in the light of such facts and the resources as so computed shall be taken into account in the determination.
2. So far as any resource does not consist of money, the amount or value thereof shall be taken to be the amount which that resource would realise if sold in the open market or, if there is only a restricted market for that resource, the amount which it would realise in that market, or shall be taken to be the amount or value thereof assessed in such manner as appears to the Sub Committee to be just and equitable.
3. Where money is due to the Applicant or his or her partner, whether immediately payable or otherwise and whether the payment thereof is secured or not, the value shall be taken to be the present value thereof.
4. If the Applicant or his or her partner stands in relation to a company in a position analogous to that of a sole owner or partner in the business of that company, the Sub Committee may, in lieu of ascertaining the value of stocks, shares, bonds or debentures in that company, treat the Applicant or their partner as if he or she were such sole owner or partner and compute the amount of his or her capital in respect of that resource in accordance with the succeeding rule.
5. Where the Applicant or his or her partner is or is to be treated as the sole owner of or a partner in any business, the value of such business or their share therein shall be taken to be either:
 - (a) such sum, or the Applicant's or his or her partner's share of such sum, as the case may be, as could be withdrawn from the assets of such business without substantially impairing the profits of such business or the normal development thereof; or
 - (b) such sum as the Applicant or his or her partner could borrow on the security of his or her interest in such business without substantially injuring the commercial credit of that business;whichever is the greater.
6. The value of any interest, whether vested or contingent, of the Applicant or his or her partner in the fee of any heritable or moveable property forming the whole or part of any trust or other estate, shall be computed by the Sub Committee in such manner as appears to it to be both equitable and practicable.
7. In computing the amount of capital of the Applicant or his or her partner where he or she is in receipt of income support under section 124 of the 1992 Act or an income-based jobseeker's allowance (payable under the Jobseekers Act 1995) or an income-related employment and support allowance or universal credit under Part 1 of the Welfare Reform Act 2012, , there shall be disregarded any amount which exceeds the

sum for the time being specified as the disposable capital lower limit in Part Two of the Schedule.

8. In computing the amount of capital of the Applicant or his or her partner, there shall be wholly disregarded:
 - (a) any Welfare Fund payment;
 - (b) a back to work bonus (payable under the Jobseekers Act 1995);
 - (c) any payment made under the Community Care (Direct Payments) Act 1996 or as a direct payment as defined in section 4(2) of the Social Care (Self-directed Support) (Scotland) Act 2013.
9. Save in exceptional circumstances, nothing shall be included in the amount of capital of the Applicant or his or her partner in respect of:
 - (a) the household furniture and effects of the dwelling house occupied by that person and (if a manse) of any other dwelling house owned by the Applicant and/or their partner;
 - (b) articles of personal clothing; and
 - (c) any personal tools and equipment of the Applicant's trade, not being part of the plant or equipment of a business to which the provisions of Rule 5 of this Part Three A of the Schedule apply.
10.
 - (1) In computing the amount of capital of the Applicant or his or her partner, the value of any interest in the main or only dwelling in which he or she resides or owns shall be wholly disregarded.
 - (2) Where the Applicant resides in or owns more than one dwelling in which that person has an interest, the Sub Committee shall decide which is the main dwelling and shall take into account, in respect of the value to the Applicant of any interest in a dwelling which is not the main dwelling, (i) any sum which might be obtained by borrowing money on the security thereof and (ii) any sum accruing to him or her by way of rent on such dwelling.
11. Where the Applicant has received or is entitled to receive from a body of which he or she is a member a sum of money by way of legal aid towards the cost of the proceedings in respect of which legal aid is applied for, such sum shall be disregarded.
12. The value of any life assurance or endowment policy shall be taken to be the amount which the Applicant could readily borrow on the security thereof.
13. Where under any bond, agreement, indemnity, guarantee or other instrument the Applicant is under a contingent liability to pay any sum or is liable to pay a sum not yet ascertained, an allowance shall be made of such an amount as is reasonably likely to become payable within the 12 months immediately following the date of application for legal aid.
14. An allowance may be made in respect of any debt owed by the Applicant (other than a debt secured on the dwelling or dwellings in which that person resides) to the extent

to which the Sub Committee considers reasonable, provided that he or she produces evidence to its satisfaction that the debt or part of the debt will be discharged within the twelve months immediately following the date of the application.

15. In computing the amount of capital of the Applicant there shall be wholly disregarded any capital payment received from any source which is made in relation to the subject matter of the dispute in respect of which the application for legal aid has been made.
16. In computing the amount of capital there shall be disregarded such an amount of capital, if any, as the Sub Committee in the circumstances of the case may in its discretion decide.

B. Calculation of disposable income

1. The income of the Applicant or his or her partner from any source shall be taken to be the income which that person may reasonably expect to receive (in cash or in kind) during the preceding year.
2. The income in respect of any emolument, benefit or privilege receivable otherwise than in cash shall be estimated at such a sum as in all the circumstances is just and equitable but shall not include any sum in relation to the occupation of a manse by a Minister.
3. (1) The income from any gainful occupation other than stipend, or employment at a wage or salary, shall be deemed to be whichever of the following the Sub Committee considers more appropriate and practicable:
 - (a) the profits which have accrued or will accrue to the Applicant or their partner in respect of the period of computation; or
 - (b) the drawings of the person concerned.(2) In calculating the profits and drawings referred to in paragraph (1) above:
 - (a) the Sub Committee may have regard to the profits of the last accounting period of such trade, business or gainful occupation for which accounts have been prepared; and
 - (b) there shall be deducted all sums necessarily expended to earn those profits, but no deduction shall be made in respect of the living expenses of the Applicant or any member of that person's family or household, except in so far as that person is wholly or mainly employed in that trade or business and such living expenses form part of that person's remuneration.
4. (1) In computing the disposable income of the Applicant or his or her partner there shall be deducted the total amount of tax which it is estimated would be payable by the Applicant or his or her partner if his or her income, as computed in accordance with this Part Three B of the Schedule (but without taking into account the operation of Rule 10(1) of this Part Three B of the Schedule), were that person's income for a fiscal year and that person's liability for tax in that

year were to be ascertained by reference to that income and not by reference to that person's income in any other year or period.

- (2) For the purposes of this rule the tax shall be estimated at the rate provided by and after making all appropriate allowances, deductions or reliefs in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Acts in force for the fiscal year current at the date of the application.
5. In computing the disposable income of the Applicant or his or her partner, there shall be disregarded:
 - (a) income support paid under section 124 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992 ("the 1992 Act");
 - (b) an income-based jobseeker's allowance (payable under the Jobseekers Act 1995);
 - (c) a back to work bonus (payable under the Jobseekers Act 1995);
 - (d) any payment made under the Community Care (Direct Payments) Act 1996 or as a direct payment as defined in section 4(2) of the Social Care (Self-directed Support) (Scotland) Act 2013;
 - (e) state pension credit (payable under the State Pension Credit Act 2002);
 - (f) an income-related employment and support allowance;
 - (g) universal credit paid under Part 1 of the Welfare Reform Act 2012.
 - (h) attendance allowance paid under section 64 of the 1992 Act;
 - (i) disability living allowance paid under section 71 of the 1992 Act;
 - (j) constant attendance allowance paid as an increase to a disablement pension under section 104 of the 1992 Act.
6. When the income of the Applicant or his or her partner consists, wholly or in part, of stipend or a wage or salary from employment there shall be deducted:
 - (a) the amount of any payments reasonably made for travel to and from his or her workplace, membership of a trade union or professional organisation; and
 - (b) the amount of any contribution paid, whether under a legal obligation or not, to an occupational pension scheme within the meaning of the Social Security Pensions Act 1975 or to a personal pension scheme within the meaning of section 1 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993.
7. There shall be a deduction in respect of the amounts payable or estimated to be payable in the 12 months following the application by the Applicant in respect of:
 - (a) Council Tax; and
 - (b) Water and Sewerage Charges.

8. (1) There shall be a deduction, in respect of (a) mortgage payments or (b) rent of the main or only dwelling in the case of a householder, of the amount of the net mortgage or rent paid or such part thereof as is reasonable in the circumstances. Any contributions received from any other person towards that payment of mortgage or rent shall be taken into account as income, and the Sub Committee shall decide which is the main dwelling where the Applicant resides in more than one dwelling in which he or she has an interest.
- (2) In this rule the expression "rent" means:
 - (a) the rent payable in respect of a year; and
 - (b) a sum in respect of the yearly outgoings borne by the householder including, in particular, a reasonable allowance towards any necessary expenditure on repairs and insurance and any other annual burden.
- (3) In this rule the expression "net rent" means:
 - (a) the rent less any proceeds of subletting any part of the premises in respect of which the said rent is paid or the outgoings incurred; or
 - (b) where any person or persons other than the Applicant, his or her partner or any dependent of the Applicant is accommodated, otherwise than as a subtenant, in the premises for which the rent is paid, the rent less such an amount as the Sub Committee may determine to be reasonably attributable to the accommodation of such person.
9. If the Applicant is not a householder, there shall be a deduction in respect of the cost of that person's living accommodation of such amount as is reasonable in the circumstances.
10. (1) There shall be a deduction in respect of the maintenance of the partner of the Applicant, if they are living together, and in respect of the maintenance of any person wholly or substantially maintained by the Applicant, being a member of his or her household, ("a dependent person") at the following rates:-
 - (a) in the case of a partner, at a rate of £2,177;
 - (b) in the case of a dependent person, at a rate of £3,488;

Provided that the Sub Committee may reduce such rate by taking into account the income and other resources of the dependent person to such extent as appears to it to be just and equitable.
- (2) In ascertaining whether a person is a dependent person regard shall be had to their income and other resources.
11. If the Applicant is making and, throughout such period as the Sub Committee may consider adequate, has regularly made *bona fide* payments for the maintenance of a partner who is living apart, of a former partner, of a child or of a relative who is not (in any such cases) a member of the household of the Applicant, there shall be a deduction at the rate of such payments or at such rate, not exceeding the rate of such payments, as in all the circumstances is reasonable.

- 12.** Where the Applicant must provide for any other matter the Sub Committee may make an allowance of such amount as it considers to be reasonable in the circumstances of the case.
- 13.** In computing income from any source there shall be disregarded such amount, if any, as the Sub Committee considers to be reasonable having regard to the nature of the income or to any other circumstances of the case.

II CONTINUING PARISH MINISTRY BEYOND THE AGE OF 75 REGULATIONS (REGS II 2018)

Edinburgh, 22 May 2018, Session 11

The provisions for continuation as a Parish Minister beyond the age of seventy five (75), as referred to in section 18(4) of the Parish Ministry Act (Act II 2018), are as follows:

1. In operating the process set out in these Regulations and making a decision on whether or not to continue the tenure of the Parish Minister in question, the Presbytery shall have primary regard to the mission of the Church, both in the Parish in question and in the Presbytery. The Presbytery shall not take into account any personal reasons put forward by the Parish Minister to support his or her request.
2. The process shall be initiated by the Parish Minister, by lodging with the Presbytery Clerk, not less than six months before the Parish Minister's seventy fifth birthday, a request for consideration in terms of these Regulations. Such a request shall be copied to the Ministries Council for their interest. The process can be terminated at any time by the Parish Minister withdrawing his or her request to have tenure continued.
3. The Parish Minister may request a continuation of his or her tenure as minister of the charge which he or she currently serves for a period of not less than one year and not more than two years from his or her seventy-fifth birthday.
4. Upon receipt of the Parish Minister's request, the Presbytery shall establish a Consultative Committee of three persons, of whom at least one shall be a Minister and one shall be an elder but which shall not include the Presbytery Clerk. If required, the Presbytery may use the Co-operation among Presbyteries Act (Act VI 2002) to fulfil the appointments. The Committee shall choose one of its own number to act as Clerk.
5. The Committee shall consult with all interested parties (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Session Clerk(s) of the charge and the Presbytery Clerk) and shall take into account the following issues before making a recommendation to Presbytery:
 - (a) The effect upon implementation of the current Presbytery Plan of a continuation of the tenure of the Parish Minister in the current charge;
 - (b) The state of the charge and future plans for the charge, both as assessed and as anticipated through Local Church Review and through the Presbytery's general superintendence of the charge;
 - (c) Whether it is likely to be effective and beneficial for the charge in the longer term if tenure is continued;
 - (d) The opinion of the congregation(s) and its/their office bearers which shall be gauged by meeting with the Kirk Session(s) in the absence of the Parish Minister; and
 - (e) The terms of an Occupational Health Report on the Parish Minister, instructed by the Ministries Council and assessing the fitness of the Parish Minister to continue in post in the current charge for the period for which the request has been made. The terms of the Report shall be kept strictly confidential among the members of the Committee and shall be shared only with the Parish Minister. If relevant to any recommendation made by the Committee, the Report shall be referred to only in terms of being or not being a factor in their decision and no detail shall be shared outwith the Committee.

6. The Committee shall make its recommendation to a meeting of the Presbytery, where the Parish Minister shall be entitled to be heard in his or her interest. The Presbytery meeting shall be held in private and proceedings shall be recorded in a Record Apart. In making its recommendation, and in reaching its decision, the Committee and the Presbytery shall be obliged to have primary regard to the aims set out in paragraph 1 of these Regulations.
7. The Presbytery itself shall decide whether or not to continue the Parish Minister's tenure as Minister of the charge which he or she currently serves and for what period (declaring always that this may be different from the period for which request is made but may not be less than one year or more than two years).
8. Any person with a legitimate interest who is aggrieved by the Presbytery's decision shall have the right to dissent and complain or appeal the decision to the Ministries Appeal Panel by lodging intimation with both the Presbytery Clerk and the Principal Clerk within fourteen days of the decision. The only grounds for dissent and complaint or appeal shall be that there was a material irregularity of process or that the decision was influenced by an incorrect material fact.
9. The process specified in these Regulations may be repeated not less than six months before expiry of the period for which any continuation of tenure is granted.

II LOCAL MISSION CHURCH REGULATIONS (REGS II 2021)

Edinburgh 26 May 2021, Session 8

Definitions

1. In these Regulations:
 - (a) The term “charge” shall have the meaning given to it in the Presbytery Mission Plan Act (Act VIII 2021);
 - (b) “Leadership Team” shall mean those persons who have the responsibilities in relation to the Local Mission Church outlined in section 6;
 - (c) “Presbytery” shall mean the presbytery of the bounds within which the Local Mission Church is located.

Local Mission Church

2(1) A Local Mission Church shall be a Christian community whose purpose is to worship, witness and serve in a distinct geographical setting.

2(2) A Local Mission Church shall be established in terms of these Regulations and a Basis of Local Mission Church. The form of the Basis shall be prescribed from time to time by the Faith Nurture Forum after consultation with the Legal Questions Committee.

2(3) A Local Mission Church shall not own any property, heritable or moveable, or have any legal personality. It shall not have a Kirk Session and shall not have the right to call a minister. The creation or sustaining of a Local Mission Church is not dependent on the provision of a church building.

Creation of a Local Mission Church

3. The process to create a Local Mission Church shall be as specified in the Guidance accompanying the Presbytery Mission Plan Act.

Role of Kirk Session of charge

4. A Local Mission Church shall exist within the territorial boundaries of a charge. All legal and governance matters affecting the Local Mission Church shall be the responsibility of the Kirk Session of the charge. In particular, the Kirk Session shall:

- (a) ensure that all requirements of the law of the Church of Scotland and of civil law are fulfilled in relation to the Local Mission Church;
- (b) be the owner/title-holder of all property whether heritable or moveable, used by or within the possession of the Local Mission Church;
- (c) administer all offerings and other monies collected at or in relation to the Local Mission Church;
- (d) apply such monies in the first instance to meet the costs of the Local Mission Church for as long as it exists, after discussion with the Leadership Team, and thereafter as the Kirk Session determines.

Oversight by Presbytery

5. A Local Mission Church shall be subject to the oversight of the Presbytery. In particular, a review of a Local Mission Church and its place in the Mission Plan shall be conducted by the Presbytery at least once every five years but without prejudice to annual evaluation and development of the Mission Plan.

Leadership Team

6(1) A Local Mission Church shall have a Leadership Team as set out in the Basis and this Team shall include one or more representatives of each of the Kirk Session and the Presbytery.

6(2) The life and witness of the Local Mission Church shall be co-ordinated by its Leadership Team, subject to the oversight of the Kirk Session and the Presbytery. Without prejudice to this generality, the Leadership Team shall be responsible for:

- (a) developing appropriate expressions of worship, witness and service;

- (b) ensuring that the Local Mission Church is adequately organised;
- (c) ensuring good communication with the Kirk Session; and
- (d) assisting with the upkeep of buildings (if any), subject always to strict adherence to sections 7(a) and (b) below. Any contracts shall be entered into by the Kirk Session.

Further provisions

7. The following further provisions shall apply to a Local Mission Church:

- (a) Neither a Leadership Team nor any person acting on behalf of a Local Mission Church shall have any authority or power to enter into contracts or to incur liabilities on behalf of the Kirk Session.
- (b) Neither a Leadership Team nor any person acting on behalf of a Local Mission Church shall conduct themselves in such a way (including silence) that might cause an inference contrary to section 7(a) to be drawn by any person.

I CONGREGATIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS 'GIVING TO GROW' REGULATIONS (REGS I 2022) (AS AMENDED BY REGS III 2023, REGS II 2024 AND REGS I 2025)

Edinburgh, 21 May 2022, Session 3

General

1. All Congregations (with a registered charity number) within a Charge, with the exception of single Congregation Local Ecumenical Partnerships and Congregations within the Presbytery of International Charges, are required to make a Contribution in terms of these Regulations. For the avoidance of doubt, single Congregation Local Ecumenical Partnerships are required to make an equivalent Contribution in terms of Regulations I 2007. Congregations within the Presbytery of International Charges are required to contribute in terms of Regulations V 2016.
2. Each Congregation shall pay its required Contribution in ten or twelve equal monthly instalments during the financial year by bank standing order, unless permission is granted by Presbytery, in accordance with Guidance issued by the Stewardship & Finance Department, to allow payments to be made under some other arrangement. Any such permission granted by Presbytery shall be notified to the Stewardship & Finance Department.
3. It shall be the responsibility of the Financial Board of each Congregation to inform the members of the Congregation of the required Contribution and the ways in which this Contribution enables the worship, mission and service of the Church.
4. Contributions shall be credited to the Church of Scotland General Fund. Any shortfalls in Contributions shall be borne by that Fund.
5. The Stewardship and Finance Department shall inform each Presbytery, on a monthly basis, of shortfalls in Contributions from Congregations within their bounds. They will also inform them of shortfalls, where applicable, in respect of reimbursement by Congregations of locums' costs and ministers' car allowances, both for the latest financial year and any accumulated totals for previous years. Each Presbytery shall record all such shortfalls annually in the Minutes of the Presbytery and shall consult with the office-bearers of the Congregations concerned.

Process of determining Contributions

6. To facilitate the process of calculating the required Contribution for each Congregation, Financial Boards shall be required to submit annually by 31 March to the Stewardship and Finance Department a copy of their Congregational Accounts for the previous financial year. Where the accounts of a Congregation have not been received by 30 June the Department shall be entitled to make an estimate of the income.
7. Where accounts are subsequently received this estimate will only be amended if materially different, as determined by the General Treasurer. Only the Contribution for the current year and subsequent years shall be amended.
8. The Stewardship and Finance Department shall provide to each Presbytery by 30 September each year a list of the proposed Contributions for Congregations within a Charge and the Income Base of each Charge within the bounds of that Presbytery for the following financial year.
9. By 15 November each year, each Presbytery shall (1) notify Congregations within their bounds, with the exception of single Congregation Local Ecumenical Partnerships, of their proposed Contributions for the following financial year; and (2) communicate this information to the Stewardship and Finance Department.
10. Where a Congregation has shortfalls from previous years, any payment made will be allocated against the oldest debt first.

11. The Stewardship and Finance Department shall issue to Congregational Treasurers by 31 December each year confirmation of the required Contributions for the following financial year.

Income Base Assessment

12. The required Contribution shall be calculated, based on each Charge's Income Base and the total Cost as defined below of all Minister(s) of Word and Sacrament allocated to that Charge. The "Cost of a Minister of Word and Sacrament" is the total of the gross salary at the maximum of the stipend scale, employer's national insurance contribution, employer's pension contribution, death in service benefit cost and cost of income protection. The Income Base is the sum of the Assessable Income of all of the Congregations within that Charge. The Stewardship and Finance Department shall determine and report annually the "Cost of a Minister of Word and Sacrament".
13. In determining Assessable Income for each Congregation, all of the following shall be included:
 - a) General Fund income;
 - b) Income specifically received to meet the cost of ministries (including, but not exclusively, glebe rents, Consolidated Stipend Fund income and local endowment income);
 - c) Fabric Fund and Reserve Fund income (including income in Fabric Funds held by the General Trustees);
 - d) Half of all gross income in excess of £10,000 received from outside agencies for the use of premises;
 - e) Income from a Local Mission Church for which the Charge has responsibility;
 - f) Wedding and funeral income (as disclosed as donations in the annual accounts);
 - g) Any other income which is available to meet the normal purposes of a parish church (which includes income held in restricted and designated funds);
 - h) Net income raised through giving online or through other digital means;
 - i) Net property rental income (including, but not exclusively, locally held manse, shop and garage);
 - j) Net café and charity shop income (which shall be understood as those funds which are transferred to the General Fund of the congregation);
 - k) Net income from telephone masts, electric vehicle charging points, renewable energy sources and all other similar commercial income;
 - l) Net visitor income to the congregations from historic buildings which are open to the public;
 - m) In respect only of items (h) – (l) inclusive, expenditure incurred wholly in the provision of the service generating the income may be deducted from gross income calculated from the sources in the preceding section. All expenditure must be disclosed in the annual accounts as relating to the income and be separately identifiable from other similar expenditure.
14. For the avoidance of doubt the following items (which, if applicable, must be disclosed in the accounts and separately identifiable) shall be **excluded** from the Income Base:
 - a) Legacies;
 - b) Proceeds from the sale of property or investments;
 - c) Special collections for other charities;
 - d) Grant income;

- e) Restricted income which cannot be used for normal purposes of a parish church, including funds raised specifically for building projects that fall out with normal fabric works and those raised for local mission posts and associated local mission programmes subject to 14. (f).
 - f) Funds raised exclusively for local mission posts and associated local mission programmes, provided that Ministry Here as defined under paragraph 16. (a) is met and that year on year the congregation maintains payment of their Ministry Elsewhere and Shared Activities contributions as defined under paragraphs 16. (b) and 16. (c) respectively.
15. Where the Income Base has been incorrectly calculated due to the Congregational Accounts not being fully compliant with the Regulations for Congregational Finance (Regs II 2016), only the income of the current year and previous year will be corrected, if material, as determined by the General Treasurer.

Calculation of the Giving to Grow Components

16. The Contribution calculated for each Charge is the sum of the following three components:
- (a) Ministry Here: 50% of the Charge's Income Base, but not exceeding the Cost of the Minister(s) of Word and Sacrament allocated to that Charge. This allocation shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent posts of Minister(s) of Word and Sacrament allocated to that Charge as at 31 August in the year of calculation.
 - (b) Ministry Elsewhere: 35% of the Charge's Income Base which is over and above twice the Cost of the Minister(s) of Word and Sacrament allocated to that Charge as at 31 August in the year of calculation. This component shall not exceed 1.5 times the Cost of the Minister(s) of Word and Sacrament allocated to that Charge.
 - (c) Shared Activities: 10% of the Charge's Income Base.
17. The total Contribution for the Charge shall be apportioned among each Congregation in the Charge on a pro-rata Assessable Income basis, that is in proportion to the contribution of Assessable Income each congregation makes to the total Assessable Income of the Charge.
18. All income received from the Consolidated Stipend Fund or Glebe Rent shall be deducted from the Ministry Here and Ministry Elsewhere components of the Congregation's Contribution.
19. No deductions or set off shall be made in respect of the Shared Activities component of the Contribution, which shall always be payable in full.

Appeals

20. The Governance Group of the Assembly Trustees shall appoint a Panel to adjudicate on any appeals from Congregations relating to the application of paragraphs 13 and 14 above. Appeals on any other grounds shall not be permitted. (Full details of the appeals process are available from the Church of Scotland website.)

Transition Funding

21. The sum total of increases in Contributions for Congregations within a Presbytery between the last year of the previous Contribution system (2022) and that current year's requirement, will be made available as Transition Funding to Presbytery. This will be communicated when the list of proposed Contributions is issued to Presbytery. This funding will be available as follows:
- (i) for the first two years (i.e. in the years 2023 – 2024) of this Giving to Grow contribution system, as the full amount annually, and

- (ii) in the third and fourth years (i.e. in the years 2025 and 2026) of this Giving to Grow contribution system, as one full annual amount to be made available across the two years in a proportion as determined by the individual Presbyteries.
22. This transition funding may be used by the Presbytery to reduce the proposed Contributions for individual Congregations before these are finalised for the following year. This will be charged to the Church of Scotland General Fund.

Giving Agreements

23. Presbyteries may increase the proposed Contributions for individual Congregations where they deem that there is considerable potential for increased giving by completing a 'Giving Agreement' with the trustees of the Congregation which will indicate the agreed Contributions for the following financial year. As per paragraph 9, Presbyteries shall communicate the required Contributions for Congregations within their bounds subject to application of a Giving Agreement for the following financial year to the Stewardship and Finance Department not later than 15 November each year. Any agreed increase in the proposed Contribution can be used either by Presbytery or Nationally to fund initiatives, as determined by the congregation entering into the Agreement.
24. Agreed Additional Giving increases to fund National initiatives will be included in the Confirmation of the required Contributions for the following financial year issued by the Stewardship and Finance Department by 31 December each year. The monies will be credited to the Church of Scotland General Fund.
25. Where the Agreed Additional Giving is to fund Presbytery initiatives a separate invoice will be issued by the Presbytery concerned. The monies will be credited to Presbytery Funds.

Miscellaneous

26. Where a Charge has a ministerial vacancy and has been granted Permission to Call in terms of the Call, Election and Appointment of Ministers of Word and Sacrament Act (Act XI 2025), an allowance within limits determined by the Assembly Trustees shall be given towards extra costs incurred for locum provision during the vacancy.
27. Where a Charge is in Guardianship in terms of the Presbytery Mission Plan Act (Act VIII 2021), (ie in the relevant Presbytery's Approved Mission Plan, has a 0.25 allocation of the Presbytery's overall ministry allocation), an allowance, within limits determined by the Assembly Trustees, shall be given towards extra costs incurred for locum provision during the Guardianship.
28. Where a Congregation undergoes a form of adjustment (e.g. union) the Contribution due will be recalculated from the effective date of the adjustment.
29. Where an adjustment results in a significant reduction in Charge income, the General Treasurer may apply a decrease to the Contribution.
30. These Regulations will be subject to annual review by the General Assembly, in accordance with proposals submitted by the Assembly Trustees.

Definitions

31. a) A "Financial Board" shall mean shall mean the body responsible for managing the finances of a congregation, e.g. Kirk Session, Congregational Board, Deacons' Court, Committee of Management, etc.;
- b) A "Local Mission Church" shall be a Christian community whose purpose is to worship, witness and serve in a distinct geographical setting, established in terms of the Local Mission Church Regulations (Regs II 2021);

- c) A “Charge” shall have the meaning given to it in the Presbytery Mission Plan Act (Act VIII 2021);
- d) “outside agencies” shall mean those which are an independent body to the congregation and not an extension of the life of the church; and
- e) “Shortfalls” shall mean unpaid Contributions, including any contributions outstanding under the Ministries and Mission Contributions Regulations (Regs I 2012).

IV 'SEEDS for GROWTH' FUND REGULATIONS (REGS IV 2022) (AMENDED BY REGS IV 2023 AND REGS III 2024)

Edinburgh, 23 May 2022, Session 6

1. The Church of Scotland *Seeds for Growth Fund* ("the Fund") shall be established from 1 January 2023.
2. Responsibility for the Fund shall rest with the Assembly Trustees who act as the Trustees of the Unincorporated Entities Scottish Charity Number 011353 ("The Trustees"). The Trustees may establish a body to oversee the Fund on their behalf.
3. The purposes of Seeds for Growth funding are to support the numerical and spiritual growth of the Church of Scotland through:
 - (i) Developing mission through new worshipping communities,
 - (ii) Developing and nurturing faith in those under the age of 40, and
 - (iii) Fostering discipleship and revitalisation within established congregations, with the aim of growing an existing congregation or developing a new worshipping community.
4. The Fund shall operate for a 7-year period until 31st December 2029. A review conducted by the Trustees shall take place after the first three years of operation and shall measure the success of the Fund against previously agreed criteria to determine future direction and investment.
5. The Fund shall replace the *Go For It* Fund. Administration of grants already awarded out of the *Go For It* Fund shall become the responsibility of the Fund. Monies already committed in the *Go For It* Fund at 31 December 2019 shall be transferred to the Fund.
6. An application to the Fund may be made by (i) a Presbytery or a group of Presbyteries, or (ii) provided that prior approval of the relevant Presbytery or Presbyteries has been given and that validation of this is supplied to the Committee along with the application, a congregation or congregations.
7. Applicants to the Fund should be able to show that they have worked diligently to: (i) raise funds from local sources (including the Presbytery/ies and congregation(s) making or involved in the application); and, (ii) raise funds from appropriate external sources. Funding, up to 100%, will not necessarily be contingent on funding being provided by any other body.
8. The Trustees shall provide core funding from the unrestricted funds held on behalf of the Unincorporated Entities. This money shall cover both grants to be paid from the Fund and the administration of the Fund.
9. The Fund may be supplemented by other funds raised within and beyond the Church.
10. The Terms of Reference for use of the Fund set out in the Schedule below shall be developed and monitored by the Trustees and any amendments shall be approved by the General Assembly as part of the annual reporting on the operation of the Fund. The Trustees may also fund grants from restricted funds held by the Unincorporated Entities if the purpose is consistent with donor restrictions.
11. The Trustees shall be responsible for monitoring the ongoing effectiveness of the Fund. The Trustees shall report annually on the work of the Fund to the General Assembly with a focus on how the Fund is achieving its primary aims as set out in section 3 of these Regulations.

SCHEDULE

The Seeds for Growth Fund Implementation Group Terms of Reference

Committee

1. The Seeds for Growth Fund Implementation Group (the “Committee”) is a Committee of the Assembly Trustees.
2. The purpose for which the Committee is established is to oversee the operation of the Seeds for Growth Fund on behalf of the Assembly Trustees. In carrying out those duties the Committee shall adhere to the relevant Regulations issued by the General Assembly and to the guidelines, criteria and governance requirements approved by the Assembly Trustees.
3. The size of individual grants, guidelines, criteria and governance requirements shall be reviewed annually by the Assembly Trustees in consultation with the Committee. Grants in excess of £75,000.00 shall require individual approval by the Assembly Trustees.

Criteria

The Committee shall assess applications in accordance with the following criteria.

1. Collaboration with other partners, specifically including ecumenical co-operation, will be encouraged where such collaboration furthers numerical and spiritual growth of the Church.
2. Applications must demonstrate a visionary approach and must set out the anticipated effect of the project at a congregational or Presbytery level and include a clear plan and measurable targets.
3. Applications must provide a realistic assessment of how the project will continue beyond the period of funding and whether it will generate growth elsewhere within the Church.
4. Applications must include means of developing and sharing related experiences and good practice across the Church.
5. Applications must be focused on a defined project.
6. Applications will be assessed in accordance with the following prioritisation:
 - Developing mission through new ecclesial communities and church planting
 - Engaging in intergenerational approaches to and participation in worship

Governance

1. The operation of the Seeds for Growth Fund shall initially be overseen by a Committee of nine persons, increasing to eleven from 1 June 2024, two of whom will be Assembly Trustees. The other members shall be appointed by the Assembly Trustees working in collaboration with the Nomination Committee. Members so appointed shall serve a three-year term, renewable unless otherwise determined by the Assembly Trustees. Of those first appointed, four shall serve three years renewable and three shall serve two years, renewable for a three-year term. Members appointed from 1 June 2024 shall be appointed for a three year term. Trustee members shall serve during their appointed term as an Assembly Trustee.
2. The Committee shall meet at least five times per year to consider strategy and applications. On special cause shown the Committee may consider an application outwith those times; but in so doing the Committee must determine both that there is an urgency as to the application which requires a special meeting and also that the application is of such importance that to consider it without comparison with other applications would not improperly disadvantage such potential applications.

3. In carrying out their duties the Committee will engage with applicants through regional teams and carry out the process of assessment with local Presbytery representatives. The Committee shall have the ability to co-opt additional non-voting members who hold requisite expertise in certain areas onto the Committee as required.

4. A quorum of the Committee shall be five, whether attending in person or by electronic means. One attendee must be an Assembly Trustee and one must be the Convener or another Assembly Trustee specifically nominated by the Convener for the purpose of the meeting in question.

5. Grants of £1,000 and below can be awarded at the discretion of the Grants Manager. Any such grants awarded will be presented for information to the next meeting of the Committee.

6. The Committee shall maintain Minutes of their meetings, duly approved by all members attending within two weeks of the meeting. The Minutes shall include a full account of the work of the regional "team" with a synopsis of all applications received and the reasoning for recommendations made to the Committee.

7. In respect that the Assembly Trustees are the Charity Trustees for the assets to be used by the Seeds for Growth Fund:

- (i) the Minutes of meetings of the Committee shall be sent to the Assembly Trustees within one month of the meeting;
- (ii) in carrying out their duties the Committee shall submit quarterly reports to the Assembly Trustees as to their administration of the assets of the Fund and any proposed strategy for future operation, such report to be in terms of a template to be provided by the Assembly Trustees;
- (iii) the Committee shall maintain such accounts as the Assembly Trustees require;
- (iv) the work of the Committee in considering and granting applications shall be carried out in accordance with a budgetary framework, agreed with the Assembly Trustees; and
- (v) any liability arising out of the acting of a Committee member in good faith shall be borne as if the acting of an Assembly Trustee.

II STIPEND REGULATIONS (REGS II 2025)

Edinburgh, 19 May 2025, Session 6

Determination of Stipend Scales

1. The Stipend Scales will be determined in respect of each calendar year by the Assembly Trustees and reported to the following General Assembly by the Faith Action Programme Leadership Team.

Qualifying Stipend Service

2. In respect of each Minister receiving stipend, the appropriate point on the National Stipend Scale will be calculated according to the length of qualifying service as defined below; the exact length of all such periods of service to be added together to determine the number of qualifying years.
3. Qualifying service is defined as all ordained service listed in sections 13.1.2, 13.1.3, 13.1.4 and 13.1.5 of the Church Courts Act (Act VI 2023) or service in another church from which he or she has been admitted, provided the Faith Action Programme Leadership Team determines such service to be the equivalent of that herein listed.
4. Qualifying service is calculated on the basis of full-time and part-time service, with the payment of part-time service calculated on a *pro rata* basis.